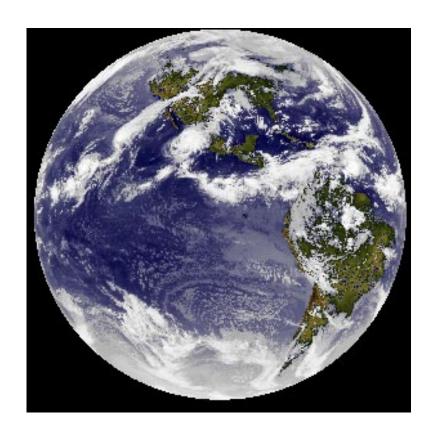
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM STATISTICS REPORT

December 1997



Energy Information Administration Energy Markets and Contingency Information Division

Preface

The <u>International Petroleum Statistics Report</u> is a monthly publication that provides current international oil data. This report is published for the use of Members of Congress, Federal agencies, State agencies, industry, and the general public. Publication of this report is in keeping with responsibilities given the Energy Information Administration in Public Law 95-91 (Section 205(a)(2)) that states:

"The Administrator shall be responsible for carrying out a central, comprehensive, and unified energy data and information program which will collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze and disseminate data and information ..."

The <u>International Petroleum Statistics Report</u> presents data on international oil production, demand, imports, and stocks. The report has four sections. Section 1 contains time series data on world oil production, and on oil demand and stocks in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). This section contains annual data beginning in 1985, and monthly data for the most recent two years. Section 2 presents an oil supply/demand balance for the world. This balance is presented in quarterly intervals for the most recent two years. Section 3 presents data on oil imports by OECD countries. This section contains annual data for the most recent year, quarterly data for the most recent two quarters, and monthly data for the most recent twelve months. Section 4 presents annual time series data on world oil production and oil stocks, demand, and trade in OECD countries. World oil production and OECD demand data are for the years 1970 through 1996; OECD stocks from 1973 through 1996; and OECD trade from 1986 through 1996.

Data for the United States are developed by the Energy Information Administration's (EIA) Office of Oil and Gas. Data for other countries are derived largely from published sources, including International Energy Agency publications, the EIA International Energy Annual, and the trade press. (See sources after each section.) All data are reviewed by the International Statistics Branch of EIA. All data have been converted to units of measurement familiar to the American public. Definitions of oil production and consumption are consistent with other EIA publications.

General information about this publication may be obtained from W. Calvin Kilgore, Director, Office of Energy Markets and End Use, (202) 586-1617, and from Louis D. DeMouy, Director, Integrated Energy Statistics Division, (202) 586-6557. Detailed questions and comments concerning the contents of the <u>International Petroleum Statistics</u>

Report may be directed to Michael J. Grillot, Team Leader, International Energy Statistics Team, (202) 586-6577; Patricia A. Smith (202) 586-6925, or to H. Vicky McLaine (202) 586-9412; Oil Market Chronology - Douglas MacIntyre (202) 586-1831.

Notes: As of December 31, 1994, Gabon withdrew its membership in the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). For consistency, Gabon is excluded in the historical series of OPEC totals.

Oil Market Chronology -- November 1997

The following chronology lists international events of potential significance for world petroleum markets. Sources include: Dow Jones (DJ), the New York Times (NYT), the Washington Post (WP), and the Wall Street Journal (WSJ).

November 3 An official from Russian oil drilling company Zarubezhneft denies an Iraqi news report that it will begin developing Iraq's 600,000-barrel-per-day West Qurna oil field. Zarubezhneft is part of a consortium led by Russia's Lukoil that signed a 23-year production sharing agreement with Iraq, valued at \$3.8 billion, to develop the field. Zarubezhneft's Deputy General Director Yuri Agababov indicates that there have been negotiations but reiterates that work in Iraq will

to develop the field. Zarubezhneft's Deputy General Director Yuri Agababov indicates that there have been negotiations but reiterates that not start until United Nations sanctions are lifted. (DJ)

Dutch and Belgian oil worker unions call for a boycott of Nigerian crude oil as part of a campaign to secure the release of jailed Nigerian oil union leaders Milton Dabibi and Frank Korkori. (DJ)

November 4 The U.S. Department of the Interior rejects a petition from environmental groups seeking to halt crude oil and natural gas drilling in the Beaufort Sea off the coast of Alaska's Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. The petition expressed concern for potential damage to the ecosystem of the refuge from pollution and possible oil spills. However, the Interior Department states that Atlantic Richfield Company's plan for exploration in the Beaufort Sea has adequate safeguards

to protect the area. (DJ)

Turkmenistan withdraws three of eleven blocks from the first round of an offshore oil and gas tender opened on September 1, 1997. The three blocks, Lachin,

Burgut, and Yelbars, lie on the Turkmen-Iranian Caspian Sea border-zone, calling ownership into question. The three blocks contain estimated reserves of 17.1 trillion cubic feet of natural gas and 5.4 billion barrels of oil. (DJ)

November 5 Texaco North Sea U.K. Limited announces that natural gas and condensate production has begun in its United Kingdom North Sea Erskine field. This follows a November 3, 1997 announcement that first production had been delayed again from the original start-up date of October 14, 1997 due to final testing on a pipeline that will carry gas and condensate to a London platform operated by Amoco Exploration Company. Peak production is expected to reach 120 million cubic feet of gas per day and 29,600 barrels per day of condensate by October 1998. Estimated recoverable reserves total more than 330 billion cubic feet of natural gas and over 75 million barrels of condensate. (DJ)

Turkmenistan resumes natural gas shipments to Ukraine following the signing of a new agreement on paying for the fuel. Under the agreement, Turkmenistan will supply 99 billion cubic feet of gas through the end of 1997 and 706 billion cubic feet in 1998. Ukraine is required to pay for at least half of the shipments in cash and the remainder through barter and other mechanisms. Turkmenistan cut off gas shipments to Ukraine in April 1997 to force repayment of a \$300 million debt from previous gas shipments. (DJ)

November 7 Mexico's state-owned Petroleos Mexicanos announces that it will spend \$3.5 billion over the next three years to build coker units at three oil refineries in Salina Cruz, Ciudad Madero, and Minatitlan. The project will begin in 1998 and enable the refineries to produce more high quality products, such as diesel fuel and gasoline, from heavy Mexican crude oil. The upgrade is designed to meet rising domestic demand for oil, but should also permit increased exports. (DJ)

November 8 Azerbaijan's parliament ratifies an exploration agreement signed between Azerbaijan's state oil company and Mobil Corporation on August 1, 1997. The \$2 billion deal is for the exploration of the Oguz oil field located about 50 miles southeast of the Apsheron Peninsula in the Caspian Sea. Each company holds a 50 percent stake in the project, and reserves are estimated at 733 million barrels of oil. (DJ)

November 11 Russian President Boris Yeltsin and Chinese President Jiang Zemin sign an agreement to build a \$12 billion pipeline to carry natural gas from eastern Siberia to China and then on to Japan and South Korea. The pipeline is expected to bring 353 billion cubic feet of gas to China and make available an additional 353 billion cubic feet to Japan and South Korea over a 30-year period. South Korea and Japan have yet to sign off on the deal, but the two countries are

expected to provide equipment and financing. (WSJ)

Russian gas company Gazprom postpones a bond offering to raise up to \$3 billion for a natural gas exploration project in Iran. Gazprom cites uncertain market conditions as the reason for the delay. The lead underwriter for Gazprom is Goldman, Sachs, an American investment bank, which may be in violation of the 1996 Iran-Libya Sanctions Act for its role in the bond offering. Gazprom and its partners, France's Total and Malaysian oil company Petronas, signed a \$2 billion contract last month with Iran to begin exploration of Iran's South Pars gas field. (NYT)

November 12 BG Exploration and Production and its partners Royal Dutch/Shell Group and Edison International sign a natural gas sales agreement with Egyptian General Petroleum Company to supply gas from the Rosetta Concession, offshore Egypt's Nile Delta. Gas deliveries will begin in January 2000 and reach a maximum of 250 million cubic feet of gas per day. The agreement is scheduled to last for a minimum of 20 years. (DJ)

The United Nations (U.N.) Security Council unanimously approves a resolution to condemn Iraq for its decision to expel Americans from U.N. weapons inspection teams. The Council's measure imposes a travel ban on Iraqi officials who obstruct the inspection teams and expresses the firm intention to take further unspecified measures if Iraq continues to defy the U.N. (DJ)

November 13 Australian crude oil and natural gas producer, Santos Limited, reports that it has made one of the largest natural gas discoveries in Australia at its Barrolka field in southwest Queensland state. Barrolka's reserves are estimated at 575 billion cubic feet. Santos holds a 58.86 percent interest in the field. (DJ)

November 14 Coastal Corporation signs a memorandum of understanding with Maraven, a unit of Venezuela's state-owned Petroleos de Venezuela, for a 35-year joint venture to produce, refine, and market extra heavy crude oil from the Zuata region of Venezuela's Orinoco Belt. The crude oil will be transported via pipeline to the Jose upgrading complex near Puerto La Cruz and then on to Coastal's 100,000-barrel-per-day refinery in Corpus Christi, Texas. The agreement calls for the joint venture to purchase the Corpus Christi refinery and install a new delayed coking unit and an additional hydrotreatment unit. The deal is still subject to final approval by the Venezuelan Congress and by Coastal's board. (DJ)

November 17 Royal Dutch/Shell announces that it will invest \$1 billion in a joint venture with Russia's Gazprom to produce crude oil, natural gas liquids, and natural gas in Russia and elsewhere. Shell and Gazprom will share equal ownership in the partnership. In a separate memorandum of understanding, Shell, Gazprom, and Russian oil company, Lukoil, announce that they will submit a joint bid for a stake in Russian oil company, Rosneft, when it becomes available for privatization in the near future. (NYT)

November 18 Mobil Oil Qatar, a unit of Mobil Corporation, signs a memorandum of understanding with state-owned Qatar General Petroleum Corporation to evaluate development of Qatar's North Field. The giant field contains estimated reserves of more than 380 trillion cubic feet of natural gas and is thought to be the world's largest nonassociated natural gas field. Mobil says the project will eventually deliver one billion cubic feet of natural gas per day, primarily to the Qatari domestic market, more than 30,000 barrels per day of condensate, and more than 15,000 barrels per day of propane and butane. (WSJ)

Kazakhstan signs an agreement with a consortium that includes US-based Texaco, British Gas, Italy's Agip, and Russia's Lukoil to develop the Karachaganak crude oil and natural gas field in northwestern Kazakhstan. The field's reserves are estimated at more than 2 billion barrels of crude oil and condensate and about 20 trillion cubic feet of natural gas. The consortium will develop the field for the next 40 years, with Agip and British Gas each holding a 32.5 percent interest in the field, Texaco 20 percent and Lukoil 15 percent. (DJ)

November 18 Kazakhstan signs an agreement with a consortium that includes Mobil Corporation, British Petroleum, Royal Dutch/Shell, Norway's Statoil, France's Total, British Gas, and Italy's Agip to explore an offshore area in the North Caspian Sea known as Kazakhstancaspishelf. The agreement allows the consortium to split production from 12 blocks selected by the consortium and also calls for additional seismic data. Drilling is expected to start in 1998. (DJ)

Nizar Hamdoon, Iraq's United Nations (U.N.) representative, announces that Iraq will not continue the U.N.-sponsored oil-for-food sale unless the U.N. agrees to a specific date for lifting economic sanctions. Hamdoon indicates that Iraq will continue to participate in the current six-month phase of the oil-for-food sale, which runs through December 4, 1997. (DJ)

November 20 Iraq's Revolution Command Council formally endorses an agreement, arranged by Russia, that enables United Nation's (U.N.) weapons inspection teams to resume operations in Iraq. The deal ends a three-week standoff between the U.N. and Iraq that began in late October 1997 after Iraq announced it would no longer allow U.S. citizens to serve on U.N. weapons' inspection teams. (DJ)

Egypt and Libya sign an agreement to link the two countries' natural gas networks by constructing a pipeline between Tobruq, Libya and Alexandria, Egypt. The two countries also have agreed to form a joint company to manufacture pipelines and integrate their petrochemical industries. (DJ)

November 21 Turkey's state-run petroleum company Turkiye Petrolleri Anonim Ortakligi will team with Amoco Corporation to explore and develop the Alibegamolla oil fields in Kazakhstan. The two companies plan to invest \$850 million in the oil fields, located in the Temir region. (DJ)

Exxon Services Venezuela, a unit of Exxon Corporation, agrees to form a joint venture with Corpoven, a unit of Venezuela's state-owned oil company Petroleos de Venezuela. The joint venture will develop extra heavy crude oil from the Hamaca area of the Orinoco belt. Although the project still requires the approval of Venezuela's Congress, Exxon indicates that its initial investment will be \$800 million, and Corpoven foresees the companies investing \$4.9 billion over 35 years. Exxon will hold a 70 percent interest in the venture and Corpoven the remaining 30 percent. (WSJ)

November 25 Canada's AEC Pipelines initiates an expansion of its Alberta Oil Sands Pipeline to accommodate extra output from the Syncrude Canada plant. The initial phase of the project involves a 30-inch looping of the existing 22-inch system and will increase pipeline capacity to 300,000 barrels per day. This phase is estimated to cost about \$155 million and is expected to be completed as early as 1999. AEC also reports that when the pipeline expansion is fully complete, the system will carry up to 950,000 barrels of crude oil per day from Ft. McMurray to Edmonton. (DJ)

U.S. oil company Chevron Corporation and representatives from Australia's Aborigines finalize a land access agreement for a proposed \$2 billion, 1,553-mile natural gas pipeline between Papua New Guinea and Australia's Queensland state. The agreement is a significant step toward final approval of the project, that is scheduled for October 1998. (DJ)

- November 26 Mexico's state-owned oil company Petroleos Mexicanos signs a \$2.46 billion contract with a consortium consisting of South Korea's Sunkyong Engineering and Construction, Germany's Siemens, and Mexico's Tribasa to expand and modernize an oil refinery in northeastern Mexico. The project involves the construction of nine new units, the expansion and updating of ten existing units, and the construction of 754 miles of oil pipeline. Construction is expected to be complete within three years. (DJ)
- November 28 United Nations Secretary-General Kofi Annan decides not to give a recommendation on the amount of oil Iraq can sell in the next six month phase of the oil-for-food program. The current six month phase ends December 4, 1997. Annan will suggest improvements to the program, but will not specify a recommended amount of oil that Iraq will be allowed to export. Currently, Iraq is allowed to export \$1.07 billion worth of oil every 90 days for two consecutive 90-day periods. (WP)

November 29 For the first time in four years, the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) agrees to an increase in its production ceiling. OPEC has raised the ceiling to 27.5 million barrels per day for the first half of 1998, effective January 1, 1998. The new ceiling represents a 10 percent increase over the current ceiling. The new quotas are as follows: Saudi Arabia 8.76 million barrels per day (bbl/d), Iran 3.942 million bbl/d, Iraq 1.314 million bbl/d, Venezuela 2.583 million bbl/d, Nigeria 2.042 million bbl/d, Indonesia 1.456 million bbl/d, Kuwait 2.19 million bbl/d, Libya 1.522 million bbl/d, United Arab Emirates 2.366 million bbl/d, Algeria 0.909 million bbl/d, and Qatar 0.414 million bbl/d. (NYT)

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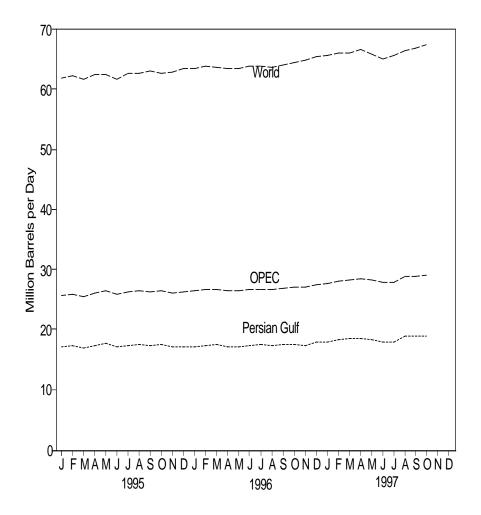
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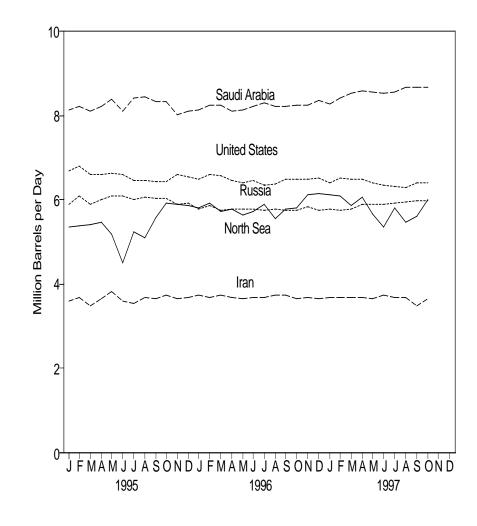
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1. Annual and Monthly Oil Data

Figure 1. World Crude Oil Production, Monthly Figure 2. Leading Crude Oil Producers, Monthly



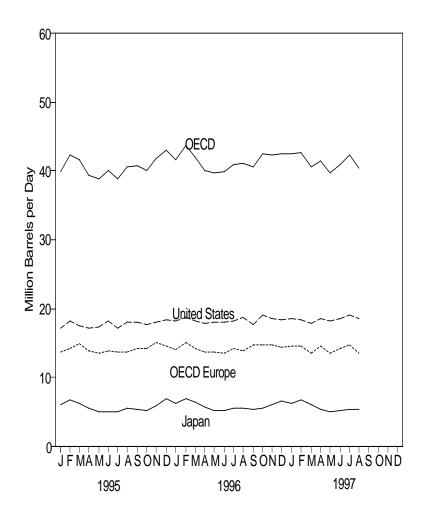
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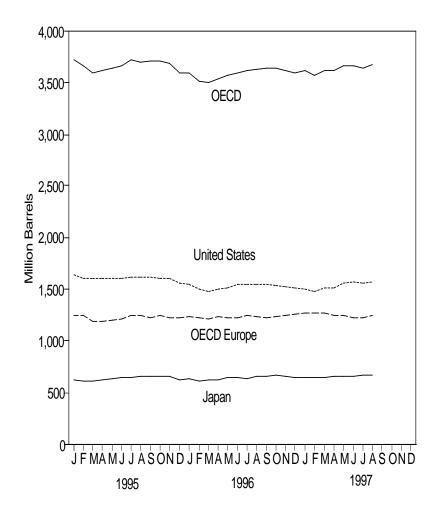
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Figure 3. OECD Oil Consumption, Monthly

Figure 4. OECD Oil Stocks, Monthly



Source: Table 1.7



Source: Table 1.5

Table 1.1a World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

		Algeria	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait <u>1</u> /	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <u>1</u> /	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1985	Average	1,037	1,325	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	16,181
1986	Average	945	1,390	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,467	308	4,870	1,330	1,787	18,275
	Average	1,048	1,343	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,341	293	4,265	1,541	1,752	18,517
1988	Average	1,040	1,342	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,450	346	5,086	1,565	1,903	20,324
1989	Average	1,095	1,409	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,716	380	5,064	1,860	1,907	22,071
	Average	1,175	1,462	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,810	406	6,410	2,117	2,137	23,195
1991	Average	1,230	1,592	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,892	395	8,115	2,386	2,375	23,275
1992	Average	1,214	1,504	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,943	423	8,332	2,266	2,371	24,398
	Average	1,162	1,511	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,960	413	8,198	2,159	2,450	25,119
	Average	1,180	1,510	3,618	553	2,025	1,378	1,931	415	8,120	2,193	2,588	25,510
1995	Average	1,202	1,503	3,643	560	2,057	1,390	1,993	483	8,231	2,279	2,750	26,092
1996	January	1,220	1,540	3,735	555	2,038	1,400	2,160	500	8,118	2,290	2,940	26,495
	February	1,220	1,540	3,685	555	2,057	1,400	2,180	500	8,248	2,265	2,940	26,590
	March	1,210	1,540	3,715	555	2,057	1,400	2,190	500	8,248	2,285	2,990	26,690
	April	1,230	1,530	3,685	555	2,067	1,400	2,160	505	8,088	2,250	2,990	26,460
	May	1,245	1,530	3,635	555	2,055	1,400	2,200	505	8,135	2,275	2,990	26,525
	June	1,250	1,550	3,685	555	2,065	1,400	2,200	505	8,195	2,270	2,990	26,665
	July	1,250	1,520	3,685	555	2,065	1,400	2,170	505	8,295	2,260	3,040	26,745
	August	1,250	1,540	3,715	555	2,040	1,400	2,190	505	8,220	2,260	3,090	26 , 765
	September	1,250	1,560	3,735	555	2,070	1,400	2,150	525	8,200	2,310	3,090	26,845
	October	1,260	1,580	3,635	555	2,075	1,400	2,210	525	8,255	2,310	3,140	26,945
	November	1,260	1,570	3,685	555	2,075	1,400	2,220	505	8,255	2,250	3,190	26,965
	December	1,260	1,570	3,635	895	2,077	1,410	2,225	545	8,358	2,305	3,240	27,520
1996	Average	1,242	1,547	3,686	584	2,062	1,401	2,188	510	8,218	2,278	3,053	26,769
1997	January	1,260	1,570	3,685	1,085	2,085	1,430	2,250	585	8,265	2,300	3,190	27,705
	February	1,270	1,590	3,685	1,125	2,077	1,430	2,310	585	8,408	2,330	3,190	28,000
	March	1,280	1,600	3,685	1,175	2,105	1,440	2,240	585	8,515	2,360	3,200	28,185
	April	1,280	1,560	3,685	1,275	2,107	1,450	2,310	585	8,568	2,360	3,220	28,400
	May	1,280	1,580	3,635	1,325	2,027	1,450	2,270	605	8,548	2,210	3,240	28,170
	June	1,260	1,530	3,735	605	2,050	1,450	2,330	690	8,540	2,325	3,260	27,775
	July	1,280	1,530	3,685	605	2,070	1,450	2,400	685	8,560	2,325	3,270	27,860
	August	1,280	1,530	3,685	1,515	2,070	1,450	2,350	685	8,660	2,325	3,390	28,940
	September	1,280	1,490	3,485	1,735	2,075	1,450	2,300	685	8,665	2,325	3,430	28,920
	October	1,280	1,490	3,635	1,625	2,075	1,450	2,400	685	8,665	2,325	3,430	29,060
1997	Average	1,275	1,547	3,660	1,208	2,074	1,445	2,316	638	8,540	2,318	3,283	28,304

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia. In October 1997, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 530 thousand barrels per day.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding.

Table 1.1b World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Norway	United Kingdom	North Sea <u>1</u> /	Angola	Argen- tina	Austra- lia	Brazil	Canada	China	Colombia	Ecuador
1985 Average	788	2,530	3,417	231	460	575	564	1,471	2,505	176	281
1986 Average	870	2,539	3,547	282	434	520	572	1,474	2,620	305	293
1987 Average	1,022	2,406	3,584	360	428	547	566	1,535	2,690	385	174
1988 Average	1,158	2,232	3,540	452	449	538	554	1,616	2,730	378	302
1989 Average	1,554	1,802	3,515	455	460	490	596	1,560	2,757	403	279
1990 Average	1,704	1,820	3,667	475	483	575	631	1,553	2,774	440	285
1991 Average	1,890	1,797	3,811	500	485	545	630	1,548	2,835	419	299
1992 Average	2,229	1,825	4,182	526	553	535	626	1,605	2,845	433	321
1993 Average	2,350	1,915	4,403	509	594	503	643	1,679	2,890	456	344
1994 Average	2,521	2,375	5,058	536	650	536	671	1,746	2,939	450	365
1995 Average	2,768	2,489	5,400	646	715	562	695	1,805	2,990	585	392
1996 January	3,085	2,600	5,819	705	710	530	770	1,775	3,115	620	390
February	3,165	2,625	5,935	705	710	560	785	1,705	3,100	620	390
March	2,990	2,570	5,715	700	720	580	775	1,800	3,050	635	390
April	3,160	2,467	5,768	715	750	610	805	1,840	3,020	605	390
May	2,980	2,512	5,636	715	750	610	805	1,755	3,195	605	390
June	3,150	2,457	5,719	715	750	575	805	1,815	3,205	605	390
July	3,201	2,537	5,884	720	760	590	795	1,795	3,150	615	390
August	3,022	2,385	5,559	720	760	540	751	1,858	3,130	630	375
September	3,095	2,517	5,774	700	760	560	790	1,840	3,140	630	385
October	3,005	2,642	5,814	700	800	560	800	1,922	3,165	630	385
November	3,210	2,743	6,118	700	800	535	830	1,875	3,190	640	385
December	3,198	2,760	6,130	710	800	585	830	1,891	3,115	640	385
1996 Average	3,104	2,568	5,822	709	756	570	795	1,823	3,131	623	387
1997 January	3,268	2,693	6,126	700	820	565	840	1,874	3,210	650	385
February	3,263	2,660	6,074	715	820	561	830	1,920	3,240	640	385
March	3,063	2,638	5,863	720	830	594	830	1,900	3,215	620	380
April	3,388	2,515	6,063	720	840	594	830	1,823	3,230	650	390
May	3,194	2,315	5,677	720	840	576	830	1,737	3,275	650	380
June	3,025	2,135	5,339	710	815	574	830	1,835	3,220	640	360
July	3,194	2,447	5,820	715	820	584	860	1,889	3,190	605	360
August	2,890	2,407	5,462	720	840	605	R845	1,895	3,190	635	370
September	2,927	2,483	5,589	R717	R845	626	R880	1,930	R3,195	R660	R390
October	3,209	2,610	6,000	717	845	616	880	1,956	3,195	715	390
1997 Average	3,141	2,490	5,800	715	832	590	846	1,876	3,216	647	379

^{1/2} North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore. R=Revised data.

Notes: •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Table 1.1c World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Egypt	Gabon	India	Malaysia	Mexico	Oman	Russia	Former U.S.S.R.	Syria	United States	Other <u>1</u> /	World
1985 Average	887	172	620	440	2,745	498		11,585	178	8,971	2,124	53,982
1986 Average	813	166	630	504	2,435	560		11,895	194	8,680	2,166	56,227
1987 Average	896	155	609	497	2,548	582		12,050	230	8,349	2,120	56,666
1988 Average	848	159	635	540	2,512	617		12,053	265	8,140	2,235	58,737
1989 Average	865	208	700	585	2,520	641		11,715	340	7,613	2,249	59,863
1990 Average	873	270	660	619	2,553	685		10,975	388	7,355	2,253	60,566
L991 Average	874	294	615	646	2,680	700		9,992	492	7,417	2,274	60,207
1992 Average	881	298	561	653	2,669	740	7,632		481	7,171	3,233	60,216
1993 Average	890	313	534	640	2,673	776	6,730		554	6,847	3,290	60,247
1994 Average	896	329	590	645	2,685	810	6,135		560	6,662	3,393	61,003
1995 Average	920	345	703	682	2,618	851	5,995		610	6,560	3,423	62,446
1996 January	920	360	675	680	2,795	865	5,763		605	6,495	3,422	63,375
February	920	360	700	680	2,800	865	5,867		605	6,577	3,447	63,776
March	920	370	665	680	2,870	870	5,755		605	6,571	3,419	63,625
April	920	370	685	700	2,860	880	5,763		600	6,444	3,435	63,480
May	920	370	660	700	2,875	880	5,789		600	6,394	3,448	63,478
June	920	370	650	700	2,880	880	5,763		600	6,458	3,452	63,805
July	920	370	625	700	2,870	885	5,737		600	6,338	3,553	63,896
August	920	370	625	700	2,830	885	5,780		600	6,360	3,559	63,566
September	920	370	625	700	2,860	890	5,750		600	6,482	3,564	64,023
October	920	370	625	700	2,860	900	5,737		600	6,481	3,632	64,379
November	930	370	630	700	2,860	900	5,832		610	6,476	3,656	64,837
December	930	370	650	700	2,900	900	5,755		620	6,506	3,651	65,416
1996 Average	922	368	651	695	2,855	883	5,774		604	6,465	3,520	63,972
1997 January	885	370	650	730	2,940	890	5,789		565	E6,387	3,706	65,622
February	885	370	650	730	2,970	900	5,729		565	E6,514	3,685	66,031
March	890	370	660	730	2,970	900	5,772		565	E6,470	3,725	66,027
April	890	370	685	750	2,945	900	5,893		560	E6,483	3,747	66,603
May	880	370	685	750	2,990	890	5,902		560	E6,401	3,711	65,825
June	870	370	685	740	3,005	900	5,902		560	E6,341	3,716	65,008
July	880	370	685	740	3,035	840	5,923		560	E6,316	3,670	65,543
August	870	370	685	740	3,080	870	5,945		560	E6,282	R3,663	R66,402
September	R860	R360	R675	R760	R3,105	870	5,958		560	RE6,388	R3,689	R66,798
October	860	360	675	760	3,087	880	5,954		560	PE6,396	3,687	67,412
1997 Average	877	368	674	743	3,013	884	5,878		561	PE6,397	3,700	66,128

^{1/} Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC" (Table 1.1a) and all other countries listed (Tables 1.1b and 1.1c). The total "North Sea" is not subtracted from the world total, though Norway and the United Kingdom have been subtracted.

^{-- =} Not applicable. R=Revised data. E=Estimated. PE=Preliminary estimate. RE=Revised estimate.

Notes: •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Table 1.2 OPEC Crude Oil Production (Excluding Condensate), 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait <u>1</u> /	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <u>1</u> /	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
985 Average	702	1,181	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,475	301	3,388	1,133	1,558	15,503
986 Average	600	1,257	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,447	308	4,870	1,270	1,645	17,575
987 Average	648	1,189	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,291	293	4,265	1,441	1,587	17,648
988 Average	640	1,177	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,400	346	5,086	1,465	1,715	19,42
989 Average	690	1,231	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,666	380	5,064	1,783	1,747	21,20
990 Average	765	1,281	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,755	406	6,410	2,066	2,097	22,45
991 Average	800	1,410	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,832	395	8,115	2,326	2,338	22,500
992 Average	772	1,326	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,820	423	8,332	2,206	2,334	23,558
993 Average	747	1,327	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,835	413	8,198	2,109	2,410	24,304
994 Average	750	1,334	3,600	548	2,034	1,378	1,887	409	8,147	2,183	2,542	24,81
995 Average	767	1,343	3,608	550	2,057	1,390	1,876	449	8,231	2,197	2,710	25,179
996 January	790	1,360	3,700	550	2,038	1,400	2,010	465	8,118	2,210	2,900	25,54
February	790	1,360	3,650	550	2,057	1,400	2,030	465	8,248	2,185	2,900	25,63
March	780	1,360	3,680	550	2,057	1,400	2,040	465	8,248	2,205	2,950	25,73
April		1,350	3,650	550	2,067	1,400	2,010	470	8,088	2,170	2,950	25,50
May	815	1,350	3,600	550	2,055	1,400	2,050	470	8,135	2,195	2,950	25,57
June	820	1,370	3,650	550	2,065	1,400	2,050	470	8,195	2,190	2,950	25,71
July	820	1,340	3,650	550	2,065	1,400	2,020	470	8,295	2,180	3,000	25,79
August	820	1,360	3,680	550	2,040	1,400	2,040	470	8,220	2,180	3,050	25,81
September.	820	1,380	3,700	550	2,070	1,400	2,000	490	8,200	2,230	3,050	25,89
October	830	1,400	3,600	550	2,075	1,400	2,110	490	8,255	2,230	3,100	26,04
November	830	1,390	3,650	550	2,075	1,400	2,120	470	8,255	2,170	3,150	26,06
December	830	1,390	3,600	890	2,077	1,410	2,125	510	8,358	2,225	3,200	26,61
996 Average	812	1,367	3,651	579	2,062	1,401	2,051	475	8,218	2,198	3,013	25,82
997 January	830	1,390	3,650	1,080	2,085	1,430	2,150	550	8,265	2,220	3,150	26,80
February	840	1,410	3,650	1,120	2,077	1,430	2,210	550	8,408	2,250	3,150	27,09
March	850	1,420	3,650	1,170	2,105	1,440	2,140	550	8,515	2,280	3,160	27,28
April	850	1,380	3,650	1,270	2,107	1,450	2,210	550	8,568	2,280	3,180	27,49
May	850	1,400	3,600	1,320	2,027	1,450	2,170	570	8,548	2,130	3,200	27,26
June	830 850	1,350 1,350	3,700 3,650	600 600	2,050 2,070	1,450 1,450	2,230	655 650	8,540	2,245 2,245	3,220 3,230	26,87
July	850 850	1,350	3,650	1,510			2,300	650 650	8,560 8,660	2,245	3,230	26,95 28,03
August September.	850 850	1,350	3,650	1,310	2,070 2,075	1,450 1,450	2,250 2,200	650 650	8,665	2,245	3,350	28,03
October	850 850	1,310	3,450	1,730	2,075	1,450	2,200	650	8,665	2,245	3,390	28,15
997 Average	845	1,310	3,600	1,020	2,073	1,445	2,300	603	8,540	2,245	3,390	27,39
JJ/ Average	043	1,30/	3,043	1,203	4,0/4	T,443	Z,ZIO	603	0,540	4,430	3,443	41,39

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia. In October 1997, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 530 thousand barrels per day.

Notes: OPEC-Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

[•]Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding.

Table 1.3 World Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Canada	Mexico	Saudi Arabia	Russia	Former USSR	United States <u>1</u> /	Persian Gulf <u>2</u> /	OAPEC3/	OPEC3/	World
1985 Average	120	337	271	375		350	1,609	645	808	892	3,938
1986 Average	120	328	352	385		440	1,551	700	860	969	4,150
1987 Average	140	367	338	418		430	1,595	721	900	1,006	4,279
1988 Average	120	381	370	499		450	1,625	808	979	1,077	4,481
1989 Average	130	410	384	503		425	1,546	851	1,041	1,188	4,502
1990 Average	130	426	428	620		425	1,559	930	1,107	1,281	4,632
1991 Average	140	431	457	680		420	1,659	931	1,113	1,299	4,827
1992 Average	140	460	454	713	230		1,697	1,003	1,185	1,364	4,973
1993 Average	145	506	459	704	220		1,736	1,040	1,238	1,435	5,169
1994 Average	140	529	461	698	200		1,727	1,071	1,267	1,465	5,282
1995 Average	145	581	447	701	180		1,762	1,106	1,301	1,506	5,474
1996 January	145	585	470	690	248		1,716	1,075	1,267	1,445	5,538
February	145	545	475	700	248		1,680	1,085	1,277	1,455	5,483
March	145	615	475	700	248		1,814	1,085	1,277	1,455	5,679
April	145	615	475	690	248		1,845	1,075	1,267	1,445	5,687
May	145	565	475	690	248		1,806	1,075	1,267	1,445	5,609
June	145	560	485	695	248		1,833	1,080	1,272	1,450	5,625
July	145	610	440	705	248		1,829	1,090	1,282	1,460	5,642
August	145	618	335	700	248		1,858	1,085	1,277	1,455	5,549
September	145	595	340	695	248		1,872	1,080	1,272	1,450	5,564
October	145	620	370	695	248		1,912	1,080	1,272	1,450	5,720
November	145	615	370	695	248		1,915	1,080	1,272	1,450	5,692
December	145	640	370	705	248		1,876	1,090	1,282	1,460	5,709
1996 Average	145	599	423	697	248		1,830	1,082	1,274	1,452	5,625
1997 January	145	660	370	700	248		1,815	1,085	1,277	1,455	5,663
February	145	645	375	710	248		1,900	1,095	1,287	1,465	5,728
March	145	652	385	720	248		1,907	1,105	1,297	1,475	5,762
April	145	610	360	725	248		1,849	1,110	1,302	1,480	5,634
May	145	597	380	725	248		1,832	1,110	1,302	1,480	5,576
June	145	595	370	720	248		1,842	1,105	1,297	1,475	5,555
July	145	598	370	720	248		1,850	1,105	1,297	1,475	5,592
August	145	625	370	730	248		1,850	1,115	1,307	1,485	5,616
September	145	626	R425	730	248		RE1,871	1,115	1,307	1,485	R5,719
October	145	646	409	730	248		E1,850	1,115	1,307	1,485	5,719
1997 Average	145	625	381	721	248		E1,856	1,106	1,298	1,476	5,655

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Excludes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline.

 $[\]frac{2}{3}$ / OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

R=Revised data. E=Estimated.

Notes: •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.4 World Oil Supply, 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	United States <u>1</u> /	Persian Gulf <u>2</u> /	OAPEC3/	OPEC3/	World
1985 Average	11,192	10,320	11,498	17,151	59,264
1986 Average	10,905	12,441	13,653	19,310	61,771
1987 Average	10,648	12,869	13,992	19,589	62,429
L988 Average	10,473	14,310	15,662	21,465	64,707
1989 Average	9,880	15,733	16,658	23,323	65,894
1990 Average	9,677	16,249	17,232	24,536	66,756
1991 Average	9,883	15,704	16,747	24,625	66,634
L992 Average	9,768	17,010	17,871	25,818	66,937
1993 Average	9,602	17,792	18,505	26,610	67,345
1994 Average	9,413	18,072	18,745	27,031	68,218
1995 Average	9,400	18,439	19,192	27,654	69,916
1996 January	9,346	18,382	19,059	27,996	71,040
February	9,348	18,467	19,196	28,101	71,342
March	9,503	18,517	19,207	28,201	71,413
April	9,430	18,297	19,034	27,961	71,299
May	9,357	18,307	19,104	28,026	71,236
June	9,369	18,427	19,179	28,171	71,500
July	9,328	18,527	19,279	28,261	71,690
August	9,365	18,452	19,179	28,276	71,253
September	9,516	18,547	19,254	28,351	71,741
October	9,515	18,507	19,319	28,451	72,213
November	9,636	18,477	19,259	28,471	72,766
December	9,620	18,977	19,833	29,036	73,355
1996 Average	9,445	18,491	19,243	28,277	71,738
1997 January	9,249	19,162	19,888	29,216	73,333
February	9,519	19,377	20,113	29,521	73,865
March	9,482	19,602	20,363	29,716	73,894
April	9,385	19,762	20,524	29,936	74,291
May	9,321	19,532	20,334	29,706	73,490
June	9,253	19,122	19,789	29,306	72,633
July	9,407	19,107	19,849	29,391	73,377
August	9,346	20,127	20,859	30,481	R74,233
September	RE9,503	20,127	R21,079	30,461	R74,762
October	E9,494	20,137	20,969	30,601	75,379
1997 Average	PE9,395	19,616	20,378	29,836	73,927

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE plants.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

 $[\]overline{3}$ / OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

R=Revised data. E=Estimated. PE=Preliminary estimate. RE=Revised estimate.

Notes: •Oil Supply includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery gain. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B. •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual total due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.5 Oil Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period (Million Barrels)

		France	Italy	Germany <u>1</u> /	United Kingdom	OECD Europe <u>2</u> /	United States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /	Total OECI
1985	December	139	157	233	123	1,092	1,519	113	494	66	3,284
1986	December	127	155	252	124	1,133	1,593	111	509	72	3,418
1987	December	127	169	259	121	1,130	1,607	126	540	71	3,474
1988	December	140	155	266	112	1,118	1,597	116	538	71	3,440
1989	December	138	164	271	118	1,133	1,581	114	577	71	3,476
1990	December	140	172	265	112	1,163	1,621	121	590	73	3,568
1991	December	153	160	288	119	1,181	1,617	119	606	65	3,588
1992	December	146	174	310	113	1,219	1,592	107	603	67	3,588
1993	December	158	163	309	118	1,221	1,647	105	618	69	3,661
1994	December	158	164	312	115	1,240	1,653	119	645	69	3,726
1995 1996	December	159	162	301	107	1,228	1,563	109	630	71	3,601
	January	154	157	301	107	1,236	1,544	104	638	73	3,596
	February	_	156	298	103	1,224	1,500	102	615	69	3,511
	March		153	296	106	1,212	1,482	109	627	70	3,500
	April		150	298	109	1,236	1,502	109	622	72	3,540
	May		157	295	105	1,233	1,520	107	641	75	3,575
	June		158	296	104	1,229	1,546	107	640	73	3,597
	July		155	297	105	1,242	1,550	110	637	83	3,621
	August		159	295	101	1,237	1,545	110	658	79	3,629
	September		162	295	105	1,229	1,551	111	664	83	3,640
	October		155	296	104	1,237	1,538	111	673	82	3,640
	November		152	297	106	1,243	1,522	105	665	81	3,616
	December	158	152	300	108	1,256	1,507	103	651	74	3,591
1997		250	-5-	500	200	1,150	2,507	200	001	, <u>-</u>	3,332
	January	156	158	304	107	1,279	1,503	104	650	80	3,616
	February		156	307	105	1,269	1,482	101	642	75	3,570
	March		160	311	109	1,272	1,512	105	650	76	3,616
	April		151	300	108	1,247	1,519	108	665	80	3,619
	May		150	309	108	1,246	1,562	104	664	81	3,657
	June	153	151	298	111	1,231	1,577	103	662	83	3,656
	July		150	304	106	1,226	1,559	105	670	81	3,641
	August	158	151	303	108	1,250	1,570	107	669	79	3,675

^{1/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

R=Revised data.

Notes: •Oil Stocks - See Explanatory Note 2 in Appendix B. •See Section 4 for historical series.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

³/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

 $[\]overline{\underline{4}}$ / "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

Table 1.6 Commercial and Government-Owned Oil Stocks in OECD Countries (End of June 1997) (Million Barrels)

		Government		
Country	Commercial	Owned	Total	
anada	103	0	103	
United States1/	1,014	563	1,577	
United States Territories	28	0	28	
Japan	355	307	662	
Australia/New Zealand	56	NA	56	
Austria	21	0	21	
Belgium/Luxembourg	29	0	29	
Denmark	23	0	23	
inland	24	0	24	
rance	153	0	153	
Germany2/	298	55	298	
Greece	24	NA	24	
Ireland	7	2	9	
Italy	145	6	151	
Wetherlands	91	0	91	
Norway	48	0	48	
Portugal	21	0	21	
Spain	97	0	97	
Sweden	32	0	32	
Switzerland	46	0	46	
urkey	51	0	51	
nited Kingdom	111	0	111	
DECD Europe	1,168	63	1,231	
Total OECD	2,723	933	3,656	

^{1/2} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. 2/2 Data are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

NA=Not Available.

Notes: •Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding. •Oil Stocks - See Explanatory Note 2 in Appendix B. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.7. OECD Oil Demand, 1985-Present (Thousand Barrels per Day)

		France	Italy	Germany <u>1</u> /	United Kingdom	OECD Europe <u>2</u> /	United States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /	Total OECD
1985	Average	1,775	1,717	2,338	1,634	11,681	15,726	1,504	4,384	976	34,271
1986	Average	1,772	1,738	2,498	1,649	12,102	16,281	1,506	4,439	951	35,279
1987	Average	1,789	1,855	2,424	1,603	12,255	16,665	1,548	4,484	959	35,911
1988	Average	1,797	1,836	2,422	1,697	12,427	17,283	1,693	4,752	939	37,093
1989	Average	1,857	1,930	2,280	1,738	12,531	17,325	1,733	4,983	998	37,570
1990	Average	1,818	1,872	2,382	1,752	12,629	16,988	1,690	5,140	1,027	37,475
1991	Average	1,935	1,863	2,828	1,801	13,391	16,714	1,622	5,284	1,056	38,067
1992	Average	1,926	1,937	2,843	1,803	13,605	17,033	1,643	5,446	1,041	38,768
1993	Average	1,875	1,852	2,900	1,815	13,523	17,237	1,688	5,401	1,118	38,967
1994	Average	1,833	1,841	2,879	1,837	13,597	17,718	1,727	5,674	1,174	39,890
1995	Average	1,896	2,048	2,875	1,845	14,120	17,725	1,755	5,711	1,227	40,537
1996											
	January	1,879	2,113	2,901	1,762	14,036	18,261	1,805	6,328	1,165	41,595
	February	2,183	2,259	3,030	1,919	15,138	18,620	1,874	6,886	1,172	43,690
	March	1,979	2,189	2,860	1,859	14,275	18,301	1,744	6,437	1,151	41,907
	April	1,919	1,961	2,743	1,853	13,676	17,885	1,667	5,748	1,154	40,130
	May	1,810	1,880	2,864	1,846	13 , 778	17,957	1,715	5,147	1,113	39,709
	June	1,819	1,908	2,830	1,738	13,597	18,107	1,796	5,114	1,128	39,742
	July	1,977	2,158	2,957	1,790	14,245	18,211	1,809	5,502	1,084	40,850
	August	1,841	1,786	3,035	1,795	13,873	18,658	1,887	5,567	1,113	41,097
	September	1,929	2,074	3,095	1,877	14,775	17,655	1,771	5,361	1,024	40,585
	October	1,989	2,201	2,860	1,910	14,723	19,171	1,809	5,580	1,133	42,415
	November	1,880	2,083	2,975	1,966	14,700	18,535	1,941	6,114	1,064	42,354
	December	2,021	2,088	2,796	1,836	14,458	18,334	1,771	6,648	1,192	42,403
	Average	1,935	2,058	2,911	1,845	14,269	18,309	1,799	5,867	1,124	41,368
1997											
	January	2,165	2,037	2,901	1,828	14,630	18,560	1,862	6,291	1,138	42,480
	February	2,137	2,126	2,673	1,907	14,577	18,308	1,862	6,751	1,140	42,638
	March	1,796	1,928	2,685	1,776	13,576	17,869	1,780	6,146	1,141	40,512
	April	1,910	1,999	3,225	1,823	R14,661	18,572	1,745	5,303	1,174	R41,454
	May	1,707	1,898	2,787	1,711	R13,506	18,244	1,823	5,076	1,065	R39,714
	June	1,882	1,948	3,136	1,791	R14,289	18,563	1,913	5,131	1,090	40,986
	July	2,072	2,029	3,098	1,766	R14,692	19,065	1,951	5,447	1,142	R42,297
	August	1,783	1,809	2,740	1,717	13,452	18,506	1,886	5,418	1,112	40,373

^{1/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • The term Demand is used interchangeably with Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition. •See Section 4 for historical series.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

 $[\]overline{4}$ / "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

Sources for Section 1 (Annual and Monthly Oil Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, November 1997.

Other Countries: Annual data -- EIA, <u>International Energy Annual</u>, various issues. Monthly data -- Canada -- Maclean Hunter Publishing Company, Oilweek, various issues. Denmark, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Germany, and all OPEC countries -- Petroleum and Energy Intelligence Weekly, Inc., <u>Petroleum Intelligence Weekly</u>, various issues. All Other Countries -- PennWell Publishing Company, <u>Oil and Gas Journal</u>, various issues. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, <u>U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study</u>, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, November 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1985-1997.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, November 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1985-1997.

	2. lı	nternational Oil B	alance Data

Table 2.1 World Oil Balance, 1993-1997 (Million Barrels Per Day)

	1993	1994	1995		199	6				=	L997		
_		Annual		-	Qua	rter		Annual		(Quarter		Annual
		Average		First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Seco	nd Third	Fourth	Averag
Supply1/													
OECD United States2/	9.60	9.41	9.40	9.40	9.39	9.40	9.59	9.44	9.41	9.32	9.42	NA	NA
Other OECD			9.80	10.18	10.13	10.19	10.62	10.28	10.67	10.15	10.22	NA NA	NA NA
Total OECD			19.20	19.58	19.52	19.59	20.21	19.73	20.09	19.47	19.64	NA NA	NA NA
Non-OECD	. 16.00	10.00	19.20	19.50	19.52	19.39	20.21	19.73	20.09	19.47	13.04	NA	NA
OPEC	. 26.61		27.65	28.10	28.05	28.30	28.65	28.28	29.48	29.65	30.11	NA	NA
Former USSR	7.96	7.27	7.15	7.10	7.08	7.06	7.08	7.08	7.07	7.23	7.28	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD	. 14.78	15.25	15.91	16.48	16.69	16.61	16.83	16.65	17.05	17.12	17.10	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD	. 49.34	49.56	50.71	51.68	51.82	51.97	52.57	52.01	53.61	54.00	54.48	NA	NA
Total World Supply	67.34	68.22	69.92	71.26	71.34	71.56	72.78	71.74	73.69	73.47	74.12	NA	NA
emand3/													
OECD													
United States2/	. 17.24	17.72	17.72	18.39	17.98	18.18	18.68	18.31	18.24	18.46	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD			22.81	23.98	21.88	22.67	23.71	23.06	23.61	22.25	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD	. 38.97	39.89	40.54	42.37	39.86	40.85	42.39	41.37	41.85	40.70	NA	NA	NA
Non-OECD													
China	. 2.96	3.14	3.31	3.51	3.56	3.60	3.65	3.58	3.76	3.81	NA	NA	NA
Former USSR	. 5.64	4.85	4.72	4.75	4.27	4.27	4.65	4.49	4.77	4.31	NA	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD	. 19.48	20.43	21.62	22.49	22.41	21.73	23.21	22.46	23.55	23.47	NA	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD	. 28.08	28.42	29.66	30.75	30.25	29.60	31.51	30.53	32.08	31.59	NA	NA	NA
Total World Demand	67.04	68.31	70.19	73.12	70.11	70.45	73.90	71.90	73.93	72.30	NA	NA	NA
Stock Draws / Discrepancy													
Net Reported Stock Draws $\underline{4}$ /													
U. S. Commercial			.25	.86	77	16	.39	.08	09	NA	NA	NA	NA
U. S. Strategic			.00	.03	.05	.11	.09	.07	.03	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD			.09	.22	35	41	.05	12	22	NA	NA	NA	NA
For Export & Afloat			12	.33	05	05	27	01	28	NA	NA	NA	NA
Commr. Floating Storage			.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Reported Draws Other Stock Draws and	24	15	.22	1.44	-1.12	52	.25	.01	55	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statistical Discrepancy5	06	.25	.06	.41	11	59	.87	.14	.79	NA	NA	NA	NA

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gains, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources.

^{2/} U.S. geographical coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B.

 $[\]frac{3}{2}$ / The term Demand is used interchangeably with the terms Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition.

^{4/} Stock draws are positive numbers, stock additions are negative numbers.

 $[\]frac{5}{2}$ / This is computed as Total Demand minus the sum of Total Supply and Total Reported Stock Draw. NA = Not Available.

Note: Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

Table 2.2 World Oil Supply, 1993-1997 (Million Barrels Per Day)

	1993	1994	1995		19	96				19	97		
		Annual			Qua	rter		Annual		Qua	rter		Annual
		Average		First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average
United States1/	9.60	9.41	9.40	9.40	9.39	9.40	9.59	9.44	9.41	9.32	9.42	NA	NA
Canada	2.24	2.33	2.45	2.40	2.43	2.49	2.57	2.47	2.61	2.46	2.58	NA	NA
North Sea2/	4.67	5.38	5.80	6.23	6.09	6.10	6.45	6.22	6.45	6.06	5.99	NA	NA
Other OEC $\overline{\mathtt{D}}$	1.48	1.54	1.55	1.56	1.61	1.60	1.59	1.59	1.62	1.63	1.65	NA	NA
Total OECD	18.00	18.66	19.20	19.58	19.52	19.59	20.21	19.73	20.09	19.47	19.64	NA	NA
Ion-OECD OPEC													
Crude													
Algeria	1.16	1.18	1.20	1.22	1.24	1.25	1.26	1.24	1.27	1.27	1.28	NA	NA
Indonesia	1.51	1.51	1.50	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.57	1.55	1.59	1.56	1.52	NA	NA
Iran	3.54	3.62	3.64	3.71	3.67	3.71	3.65	3.69	3.68	3.68	3.62	NA	NA
Iraq	.51	.55	.56	•55	.55	•55	.67	.58	1.13	1.07	1.28	NA	NA
Kuwait	1.85	2.02	2.06	2.05	2.06	2.06	2.08	2.06	2.09	2.06	2.07	NA	NA
Libya	1.36	1.38	1.39	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.43	1.45	1.45	NA NA	NA NA
Nigeria	1.96	1.93	1.99	2.18	2.19	2.17	2.22	2.19	2.27	2.30	2.35	NA	NA NA
Oatar	.41	.41	.48	.50	.50	.51	.53	.51	.58	.63	.68	NA NA	NA NA
Saudi Arabia	8.20	8.12	8.23	8.20	8.14	8.24	8.29	8.22	8.40	8.55	8.63	NA NA	NA NA
United Arab													
Emirates	2.16	2.19	2.28	2.28	2.27	2.28	2.29	2.28	2.33	2.30	2.32	NA	NA
Venezuela Natural Gas	2.45	2.59	2.75	2.96	2.99	3.07	3.19	3.05	3.19	3.24	3.36	NA	NA
Plant Liquids	1.44	1.46	1.51	1.45	1.45	1.46	1.45	1.45	1.46	1.48	1.48	NA	NA
Processing Gain.	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	NA	NA
Total OPEC	26.61	27.03	27.65	28.10	28.05	28.30	28.65	28.28	29.48	29.65	30.11	NA	NA
Former USSR	7.96	7.27	7.15	7.10	7.08	7.06	7.08	7.08	7.07	7.23	7.28	NA	NA
China	2.89	2.94	2.99	3.09	3.14	3.14	3.16	3.13	3.22	3.24	3.19	NA	NA
Mexico	3.16	3.17	3.09	3.32	3.38	3.25	3.27	3.31	3.36	3.38	3.49	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD	8.73	9.14	9.83	10.07	10.17	10.22	10.41	10.22	10.47	10.50	10.42	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD	49.34	49.56	50.71	51.68	51.82	51.97	52.57	52.01	53.61	54.00	54.48	NA	NA
otal Supply	67.34	68.22	69.92	71.26	71.34	71.56	72.78	71.74	73.69	73.47	74.12	NA	NA

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. $\frac{2}{2}$ / North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore. Notes: •Supply includes crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, (except for individual OPEC countries), other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, alcohol, liquids produced from coal and other sources, and processing gain (except for individual OPEC countries). For OPEC, natural gas plant liquids production and processing gain are shown as separate lines. •Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

NA = Not Available.

Table 2.3 Oil Stocks, End of Period (Million Barrels)

	1993	1994	1995		19	96			19:	97	
		Year End		_	Qua	rter			Qua	rter	
				First	Second	Third	Fourth	First	Second	Third	Fourth
United States1/											
Commercial	1,060	1,061	971	893	962	977	941	949	1,014	NA	NA
Strategic	587	592	592	589	584	574	566	563	563	NA	NA
U. S. Territories	25	26	24	22	23	29	25	23	27	NA	NA
Canada	105	119	109	109	107	111	103	105	103	NA	NA
Japan	618	645	630	627	640	664	651	650	662	NA	NA
OECD Europe											
France	158	158	159	156	160	152	158	160	153	NA	NA
Germany	309	312	301	296	296	295	300	311	298	NA	NA
Italy	163	164	162	153	158	162	152	160	151	NA	NA
United Kingdom	118	115	107	106	104	105	108	109	111	NA	NA
Other OECD Europe	475	490	499	501	511	515	537	532	518	NA	NA
Total	1,221	1,240	1,228	1,212	1,229	1,229	1,256	1,272	1,231	NA	NA
Australia & New Zealand	44	43	47	48	50	54	49	53	56	NA	NA
Total OECD	3,661	3,726	3,601	3,500	3,597	3,640	3,591	3,616	3,656	NA	NA
Stocks for Export											
and Afloat2/	945	935	980	950	955	960	985	1,010	1,000	NA	NA
Commercial Floating3/	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	NA	NA

^{1/} U.S. stock data include Alaskan crude oil in transit by water. These data were previously reported in stocks for export and afloat. U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{2/} Stocks held at export terminals of major crude oil producing countries and commercial oil afloat based on quarterly analysis of world seaborne movements.

^{3/} Stocks stored by industry in tankers moored offshore. Excludes strategic storage.

 $[\]overline{NA}$ = Not Available.

Notes: •Oil Stocks - See Note 2 in Appendix B. •Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Table 2.4 World Oil Demand, 1993-1997 (Million Barrels Per Day)

	1993	1994	1995			1996					1997		
	-	Annual			Qua	rter		Annual		Qua	rter		Annual
		Average		First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average
United States1/	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.39	17.98	18.18	18.68	18.31	18.24	18.46	NA	NA	NA
U. S. Territories	.24	.26	.24	.21	.19	.17	.19	.19	.20	.17	NA	NA	NA
Canada	1.69	1.73	1.76	1.81	1.73	1.82	1.84	1.80	1.83	1.83	NA	NA	NA
Japan	5.40	5.67	5.71	6.54	5.33	5.48	6.11	5.87	6.38	5.17	NA	NA	NA
OECD Europe2/													
France	1.88	1.83	1.90	2.01	1.85	1.92	1.96	1.93	2.03	1.83	NA	NA	NA
Italy	1.85	1.84	2.05	2.19	1.92	2.01	2.12	2.06	2.03	1.95	NA	NA	NA
United Kingdom	1.81	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.81	1.82	1.90	1.85	1.83	1.77	NA	NA	NA
Germany3/	2.90	2.88	2.88	2.93	2.81	3.03	2.88	2.91	2.76	3.05	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD Europe	5.08	5.21	5.45	5.50	5.29	5.52	5.76	5.52	5.60	5.54	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD Europe	13.52	13.60	14.12	14.47	13.68	14.29	14.63	14.27	14.25	14.14	NA	NA	NA
Australia & New Zealand	.88	.92	.99	.96	.94	.90	.94	.93	.94	.94	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD	38.97	39.89	40.54	42.37	39.86	40.85	42.39	41.37	41.85	40.70	NA	NA	NA
Non-OECD													
China	2.96	3.14	3.31	3.51	3.56	3.60	3.65	3.58	3.76	3.81	NA	NA	NA
Former USSR	5.64	4.85	4.72	4.75	4.27	4.27	4.65	4.49	4.77	4.31	NA	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD	19.48	20.43	21.62	22.49	22.41	21.73	23.21	22.46	23.55	23.47	NA	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD	28.08	28.42	29.66	30.75	30.25	29.60	31.51	30.53	32.08	31.59	NA	NA	NA
Total World Demand	67.04	68.31	70.19	73.12	70.11	70.45	73.90	71.90	73.93	72.30	NA	NA	NA

 $[\]underline{1}$ / U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Oil demand includes bunkers and refinery fuel. The term Demand is used interchangeably with the terms Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition. •Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

NA = Not Available.

Sources for Section 2 (International Oil Balance Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), <u>Petroleum Supply Annual 1996</u> and <u>Petroleum Supply Monthly</u>, November 1997.

Other Countries: Annual data -- EIA, <u>International Energy Annual</u>, various issues. Monthly data -- Canada -- Maclean Hunter Publishing Company, <u>Oilweek</u>, various issues. Denmark, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Germany, and all OPEC countries -- Petroleum and Energy Intelligence Weekly, Inc., <u>Petroleum Intelligence Weekly</u>, various issues. Other Countries -- PennWell Publishing Company, <u>Oil and Gas Journal</u>, various issues. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, <u>U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study</u>, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, November 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), <u>Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances</u>, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1990-1997. Stocks for Export and Afloat and Commercial Floating Stocks -- Petroleum Economics Limited, Oil Industry Developments, various issues.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, November 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1990-1997.

OPEC Countries: EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues and Short-Term Energy Outlook, various issues.

Other countries: EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues and Short-Term Energy Outlook, various issues.

3. International Oil Imports

Table 3.1 Average Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (1996 Average)
(Million Barrels per Day)

				OEC	D Europe				OECD Out	side Euro	pe
	Total	Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany <u>1</u> /	Italy	Other Europe <u>2</u> /	United States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /
Total Net Imports	21.453	7.339	-0.839	1.738	2.793	1.791	1.857	8.498	-0.805	5.790	0.632
Imports from OPEC5/	15.630	6.053	.234	.897	.660	1.244	3.018	4.194	.261	4.470	.653
Imports from Persian Gulf6/											
Total	9.215	3.171	.102	.573	.145	.502	1.849	1.594	.111	4.025	.313
Bahrain	.035	.001	.000	.001	.000	.001	.000	002	-	.033	.003
Iran	1.549	1.059	.017	.172	.018	.263	.588	.000	.039	.451	.000
Iraq	.007	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.006	.001	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait	1.034	.288	.032	.017	.016	.000	.223	.236	.000	.500	.010
U.A.E	1.474	.004	.000	.001	.000	.000	.003	003	.000	1.396	.077
Qatar	.352	.002	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	-	.335	.016
Saudi Arabia	4.763	1.811	.054	.381	.111	.236	1.029	1.363	.072	1.310	.207
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total	3.834	2.644	.090	.323	.462	.714	1.054	.872	.094	.032	.192
Algeria	1.089	.746	.023	.105	.125	.110	.383	.256	.063	.012	.012
Libya	1.204	1.204	.035	.051	.258	.580	.281	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria	1.541	.694	.032	.168	.079	.025	.389	.616	.031	.020	.180
Imports from OPEC-South America	L										
Total	1.987	.206	.042	.001	.053	.008	.103	1.667	.056	.003	.054
Venezuela	1.987	.206	.042	.001	.053	.008	.103	1.667	.056	.003	.054
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total	.630	.033	.000	.000	.000	.021	.012	.058	.000	.442	.097
Indonesia	.630	.033	.000	.000	.000	.021	.012	.058	.000	.442	.097

^{1/} The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/ &}quot;Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{4/ &}quot;Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.

^{5/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{6/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.2 Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (2nd Quarter 1997)
(Million Barrels per Day)

				OEC	D Europe				OECD Out	side Euro	pe
	Total	Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany <u>1</u> /	Italy	Other Europe <u>2</u> /	United States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /
Total Net Imports	21.573	7.002	-0.614	1.626	2.800	1.599	1.591	9.324	-0.761	5.374	0.635
Imports from OPEC5/	15.922	5.790	.198	.792	.644	1.278	2.877	4.734	.233	4.329	.836
Imports from Persian Gulf6/											
Total	9.503	3.330	.103	.572	.178	.545	1.933	1.773	.135	3.939	.325
Bahrain	.028	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	.028	.000
Iran	1.410	1.018	.000	.129	.027	.257	.605	.000	.065	.327	.000
Iraq	.445	.305	.000	.080	.000	.017	.209	.095	.000	.040	.003
Kuwait	1.004	.225	.028	.001	.014	.000	.182	.230	.000	.542	.007
U.A.E	1.425	.003	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	007	.000	1.322	.107
Qatar	.347	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.005	-	.330	.012
Saudi Arabia	4.844	1.779	.075	.362	.134	.271	.937	1.450	.070	1.350	.195
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total	3.644	2.197	.062	.220	.413	.718	.783	1.132	.023	.054	.239
Algeria	.983	.600	.022	.125	.077	.100	.276	.319	.023	.034	.006
Libya	1.246	1.246	.040	.077	.254	.596	.278	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria Imports from OPEC-South America	1.415	.351	.000	.018	.082	.022	.230	.812	.000	.019	.233
Total	2.240	.252	.033	.000	.053	.005	.161	1.769	.074	.000	.145
Venezuela	2.240	.252	.033	.000	.053	.005	.161	1.769	.074	.000	.145
Imports from OPEC-Far East	2.210	• 2 3 2	•055	•000	•055	•003	• 101	1.709	•0/4	•000	•143
Total	.563	.011	.000	.000	.000	.010	.000	.060	.000	.364	.127
Indonesia	.563	.011	.000	.000	.000	.010	.000	.060	.000	.364	.127

^{1/} The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/ &}quot;Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.

 $[\]underline{3}/$ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{4/ &}quot;Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.

^{5/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{6/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.3 Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (1st Quarter 1997)
(Million Barrels per Day)

				OEC	D Europe				OECD Out	side Europ	pe
	Total	Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany <u>1</u> /	Italy	Other Europe <u>2</u> /	United States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /
Total Net Imports	22.092	7.290	-0.873	1.796	2.746	1.860	1.761	8.617	-0.794	6.335	0.644
Imports from OPEC5/	16.235	5.945	.189	.902	.628	1.328	2.897	4.143	.316	5.133	.699
Imports from Persian Gulf6/											
Total	9.820	3.111	.070	.558	.105	.547	1.831	1.570	.113	4.688	.338
Bahrain	.027	.002	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	002	-	.026	.002
Iran	1.478	.813	.000	.096	.017	.247	.454	.000	.043	.621	.001
Iraq	.364	.331	.000	.107	.000	.028	.197	.012	.000	.021	.000
Kuwait	1.115	.283	.038	.023	.009	.000	.213	.234	.000	.588	.011
U.A.E	1.619	.001	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	005	.000	1.551	.072
Qatar	.349	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	.344	.005
Saudi Arabia	4.867	1.681	.032	.332	.079	.271	.968	1.331	.070	1.538	.248
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total	3.833	2.664	.085	.344	.497	.762	.976	.872	.107	.011	.179
Algeria	1.075	.704	.017	.193	.106	.089	.299	.303	.066	.000	.002
Libya	1.253	1.253	.060	.040	.250	.593	.310	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria	1.505	.707	.007	.111	.141	.079	.368	.569	.041	.011	.177
OPEC-South America											
Total	2.008	.160	.035	.000	.026	.010	.090	1.653	.096	.010	.091
Venezuela	2.008	.160	.035	.000	.026	.010	.090	1.653	.096	.010	.091
Imports from OPEC-Far East					77-0			_,,,,			, , ,
Total	.601	.012	.000	.000	.000	.012	.000	.047	.000	.449	.094
Indonesia	.601	.012	.000	.000	.000	.012	.000	.047	.000	.449	.094

^{1/} The data for Germany are for unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / "Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{4/ &}quot;Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.

^{5/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{6/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.4 OECD Total Net Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

-	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total	21.102	22.474	21.572	21.757	23.010	21.897	21.350	21.389	21.854	21.468	21.803	21.921
United States <u>1</u> /	8.038	8.792	8.220	8.404	8.595	8.460	8.780	8.997	9.565	9.402	8.691	9.081
Canada	669	792	-1.022	981	752	919	724	724	796	763	640	797
OECD Europe2/	7.884	8.172	8.096	7.710	8.183	7.219	6.460	6.484	7.233	7.280	7.677	7.496
Main European Importe	ers											
France	1.650	1.781	1.861	1.804	1.919	1.892	1.586	1.633	1.766	1.475	1.785	1.695
Germany3/	2.928	2.807	2.880	2.805	2.939	2.665	2.626	2.729	2.963	2.703	3.129	2.674
Italy	1.780	1.858	1.873	1.911	2.036	1.853	1.690	1.359	1.794	1.638	1.666	1.662
Spain	1.115	1.204	1.294	1.252	1.239	1.284	1.124	1.253	1.216	1.132	1.443	1.225
Netherlands	.892	.824	.931	.801	.765	.747	.633	.977	.609	.783	.706	1.034
European Net Exporter	cs											
Norway	-3.162	-2.840	-3.482	-3.108	-3.157	-3.182	-3.331	-3.642	-3.301	-2.931	-3.353	-2.731
United Kingdom	670	737	712	995	952	856	810	795	661	385	768	951
Smaller European Impo	orters											
Austria	.249	.226	.218	.215	.206	.220	.178	.229	.213	.210	.248	.159
Belgium	.667	.582	.530	.665	.727	.510	.661	.569	.556	.521	.523	.493
Denmark	.014	.056	.038	030	005	.062	034	062	.017	015	026	.014
Ireland	.138	.131	.106	.143	.140	.139	.093	.165	.104	.134	.129	.096
Finland	.220	.188	.253	.255	.243	.147	.109	.136	.187	.180	.214	.144
Greece	.347	.410	.438	.355	.411	.353	.335	.332	.316	.335	.355	.380
Iceland	.018	.018	.022	.008	.018	.010	.020	.007	.022	.012	.020	.020
Luxembourg	.036	.042	.041	.038	.039	.046	.043	.040	.038	.036	.039	.037
Portugal	.290	.228	.381	.222	.374	.217	.315	.285	.255	.293	.318	.260
Sweden	.389	.510	.498	.449	.363	.332	.440	.423	.344	.319	.328	.347
Switzerland	.282	.270	.281	.290	.236	.270	.259	.250	.269	.293	.301	.294
Turkey	.701	.613	.645	.630	.640	.509	.521	.596	.527	.545	.621	.645
Japan	5.343	5.582	5.769	6.013	6.196	6.531	6.298	5.995	5.218	4.914	5.588	5.584
Other OECD	.506	.720	.509	.610	.788	.605	.536	.637	.633	.635	.487	.557

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^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.5 OECD Imports from OPEC (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

-	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total	15.341	15.466	15.926	15.893	16.623	16.233	15.848	16.289	16.023	15.449	15.771	16.231
United States1/	4.194	4.267	3.961	3.920	4.066	4.109	4.251	4.538	4.886	4.774	4.273	4.691
Canada	.257	.247	.274	.323	.313	.364	.274	.201	.241	.255	.296	.437
OECD Europe2/	6.199	5.814	6.613	6.213	6.398	5.994	5.446	5.811	6.004	5.547	6.215	5.972
Main European Importe		3.011	0.013	0.213	0.330	3.331	3.110	3.011	0.001	3.317	0.213	3.372
France	.904	.795	1.003	.888	.820	1.095	.809	.802	.753	.824	1.020	.797
Germany <u>3</u> /	.707	.616	.653	.645	.605	.618	.660	.668	.683	.581	.656	.682
Italy	1.322	1.232	1.325	1.372	1.429	1.281	1.270	1.142	1.484	1.202	1.379	1.276
Spain	.742	.887	.926	.864	.960	.773	.630	.707	.703	.693	.764	.722
Netherlands	.709	.777	.883	.911	.744	.620	.598	.948	.787	.638	.901	.780
European Net Exporter		• , , ,	.005	• >	• / • •	.020	.550	• 5 10	• 707	.050	.,,,,	.,,,,
Norway	.006	.000	.000	.000	.009	.007	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom	.288	.185	.310	.188	.179	.215	.176	.176	.199	.219	.271	.190
Smaller European Impo		.103	.510	•100	• = 7 3	.213	• = 70	•170	• ± > >	.217	• 2 / 1	.100
Austria	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium	.288	.294	.346	.238	.298	.223	.157	.290	.315	.309	.244	.251
Denmark	.025	.049	.032	.044	.025	.052	.000	.025	.049	.033	.006	.027
Ireland	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.010	.000	.000	.000
	.309	.280	.302	.297	.362	.293	.275	.284	.286	.294	.295	.314
Greece	.172	.080	.161	.145	.197	.168	.275	.142	.180	.179	.293	.240
Portugal	.093					.104		.127				
Sweden		.054	.070	.105	.145		.150		.093	.092	.067	.089
Switzerland	.113	.108	.093	.079	.103	.109	.097	.063	.087	.093	.094	.101
Turkey	.522	.447	.509	.436	.522	.435	.404	.436	.377	.390	.311	.502
Japan	4.136	4.394	4.502	4.620	5.026	5.137	5.236	4.839	4.175	3.977	4.366	4.496
Other OECD	.555	.744	.577	.817	.820	.629	.642	.900	.717	.896	.621	.636

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^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade.

[•]Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data. Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.6 OECD Imports from Persian Gulf (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

-												
	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total	9.031	8.941	9.652	9.622	9.986	9.914	9.569	10.003	9.565	8.937	9.335	9.883
United States1/	1.580	1.632	1.519	1.673	1.548	1.533	1.625	1.858	1.701	1.763	1.712	1.836
Canada	.132	.127	.090	.128	.130	.144	.067	.133	.137	.136	.066	.198
OECD Europe2/	3.337	2.907	3.557	3.133	3.322	3.159	2.857	3.223	3.584	3.175	3.256	3.472
Main European Importe							_,_,					
France	.533	.459	.642	.569	.535	.753	.404	.599	.555	.563	.640	.644
Germany3/	.199	.193	.167	.106	.088	.094	.131	.189	.153	.192	.176	.187
Italy	.569	.459	.543	.532	.550	.589	.507	.458	.646	.526	.618	.571
Spain	.353	.350	.327	.288	.340	.301	.355	.388	.413	.287	.318	.358
Netherlands	.489	.538	.644	.661	.568	.499	.456	.569	.642	.522	.567	.577
European Net Exporter												
Norway	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom	.111	.097	.122	.067	.066	.059	.084	.078	.107	.124	.123	.091
Smaller European Impo												
Austria	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium	.265	.277	.331	.219	.250	.191	.119	.233	.285	.250	.228	.228
Denmark	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece	.266	.239	.270	.245	.317	.250	.232	.251	.254	.243	.264	.270
Portugal	.105	.023	.088	.100	.091	.057	.164	.052	.161	.138	.069	.137
Sweden	.068	.017	.070	.061	.132	.074	.132	.070	.064	.067	.067	.065
Switzerland	.010	.009	.005	.000	.000	.005	.005	.010	.014	.014	.009	.009
Turkey	.370	.244	.348	.286	.385	.287	.267	.327	.289	.249	.178	.333
Japan	3.740	3.975	4.223	4.219	4.616	4.750	4.705	4.499	3.816	3.505	3.909	4.095
Other OECD	.242	.300	.264	.469	.369	.328	.315	.291	.327	.357	.392	.282

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^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom 3/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •"Persian Gulf" consists of Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4

[•]A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.7 United States--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

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	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total Net Imports Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from	8.038 4.194	8.792 4.267	8.220 3.961	8.404 3.920	8.595 4.066	8.460 4.109	8.780 4.251	8.997 4.538	9.565 4.886	9.402 4.774	8.691 4.273	9.081 4.691
Persian Gulf <u>2</u> / Total Bahrain Iran	1.580 007 .000	1.632 .000 .000	1.519 003 .000	1.673 .000 .000	1.548 003 .000	1.533 .000 .000	1.625 003 .000	1.858 .000 .000	1.701 .000 .000	1.763 .000 .000	1.712 003 .000	1.836 003 .000
IranIraq Kuwait U.A.E.	.000 .000 .236 002	.000 .000 .260	.000 .000 .228 003	.014 .262 003	.000 .000 .209	.000 .000 .172	.000 .035 .315 014	.000 .069 .204 003	.102 .128 003	.115 .361 016	.000 .088 .331 .011	.000 .000 .229 009
Qatar Saudi Arabia Imports from	.000 1.353	.000 1.357	.000 1.297	.000 1.400	.000 1.342	.000 1.361	.000 1.292	.015 1.573	.000 1.474	.000 1.303	.000 1.285	.000 1.619
OPEC-Africa Total Algeria	.879 .186	.729 .209	.679 .214	.534 .214	.813 .282	.943 .319	.867 .309	1.025 .320	1.249 .290	1.117 .349	.871 .291	1.143 .261
Libya Nigeria Imports from	.000 .693	.000 .520	.000 .465	.000 .320	.000 .531	.000 .624	.000 .558	.000 .705	.000 .959	.000 .768	.000 .580	.000 .882
OPEC-South America Total Venezuela Imports from	1.702 1.702	1.781 1.781	1.724 1.724	1.635 1.635	1.629 1.629	1.584 1.584	1.738 1.738	1.615 1.615	1.850 1.850	1.840 1.840	1.614 1.614	1.695 1.695
OPEC-Far East TotalIndonesia	.026 .026	.125 .125	.036 .036	.078 .078	.073 .073	.049	.018 .018	.040	.086 .086	.054 .054	.073	.014 .014

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^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.8 Japan--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

_												
	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total Net Imports	5.343	5.582	5.769	6.013	6.196	6.531	6.298	5.995	5.218	4.914	5.588	5.584
<pre>Imports from OPEC1/</pre>	4.136	4.394	4.502	4.620	5.026	5.137	5.236	4.839	4.175	3.977	4.366	4.496
Imports from Persian Gulf2/												
Total	3.740	3.975	4.223	4.219	4.616	4.750	4.705	4.499	3.816	3.505	3.909	4.095
Bahrain	.023	.014	.041	.053	.037	.009	.029	.045	.031	.008	.017	.018
Iran	.542	.446	.642	.456	.465	.742	.669	.316	.409	.253	.466	.326
Iraq	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.067	.000	.061	.059	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait	.462	.516	.487	.519	.642	.571	.548	.640	.464	.523	.473	.482
U.A.E	1.281	1.409	1.530	1.419	1.706	1.449	1.488	1.570	1.220	1.180	1.366	1.399
Qatar	.330	.348	.181	.276	.239	.402	.397	.349	.350	.291	.319	.412
Saudi Arabia	1.103	1.242	1.342	1.496	1.527	1.510	1.574	1.516	1.284	1.251	1.267	1.457
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total	.035	.060	.000	.000	.033	.000	.000	.016	.046	.100	.073	.013
Algeria	.018	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.016	.046	.041	.013	.013
Nigeria	.017	.060	.000	.000	.033	.000	.000	.000	.000	.059	.060	.000
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total	.010	.000	.000	.014	.019	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Venezuela	.010	.000	.000	.014	.019	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

1997

.380

.380

.401

.401

.406

.406

.344

.344

.373

.373

.319

.319

.373

.373

.439

.439

.395

.395

.397

.397

.549

.549

.369

.369

Imports from OPEC-Far East

Total.....

Indonesia.....

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis.

[•]Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.9 OECD Europe--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

.221

.000

.000

1.726

2.703

1.249

.767

.687

.188

.188

.016

.016

.368

.008

.000

2.162

2.768

.703

1.168

.896

.252

.252

.043

.043

.337

.008

.000

1.681

2.558

.788

1.110

.660

.249

.249

.063

.063

	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total Net Imports	7.884	8.172	8.096	7.710	8.183	7.219	6.460	6.484	7.233	7.280	7.677	7.496
Imports from OPEC1/	6.199	5.814	6.613	6.213	6.398	5.994	5.446	5.811	6.004	5.547	6.215	5.972
Imports from												
Persian Gulf <u>2</u> /												
Total	3.337	2.907	3.557	3.133	3.322	3.159	2.857	3.223	3.584	3.175	3.256	3.472
Bahrain	.008	.000	.007	.000	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001
Iran	1.303	.960	1.012	.957	.866	.754	.813	.875	1.157	1.018	.939	1.126
Iraq	.000	.000	.000	.065	.308	.342	.344	.404	.471	.036	.000	.151

.309

.001

.000

1.835

2.915

.807

.806

.147

.147

.017

.017

1.303

.322

.000

.000

1.738

2.614

1.179

.660

.776

.204

.204

.019

.019

.222

.002

.000

1.475

2.457

1.271

.641

.545

.132

.132

.000

.000

1997

.217

.003

.000

1.723

2.264

.694

1.109

.461

.324

.324

.000

.000

.248

.002

.000

1.705

2.187

.551

.341

.208

.208

.026

.026

1.295

.210

.002

.000

1.910

2.140

1.331

.558

.251

.226

.226

.006

.006

.356

.025

.000

1.936

2.707

.721

.691

.240

.240

.011

.011

1.295

.200

.000

.000

1.994

2.306

1.244

.420

.178

.178

.017

.017

.641

.218

.004

.000

1.889

2.898

.749

.906

.162

.162

.021

.021

1.243

Kuwait.....

U.A.E.....

Qatar.....

Saudi Arabia.....

Algeria....

Libva......

Nigeria....

Venezuela....

Indonesia.....

OPEC-South America

Imports from
OPEC-Africa
Total.....

Imports from

Imports from
OPEC-Far East
Total.....

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. •Negative numbers represent net exports.

[•]A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day.

[•]See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.10 France--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

-												
	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total Net Imports.	1.650 .904	1.781 .795	1.861 1.003	1.804	1.919	1.892 1.095	1.586 .809	1.633	1.766 .753	1.475 .824	1.785 1.020	1.695 .797
<pre>Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from Persian Gulf2/</pre>	.904	. 795	1.003	•000	.820	1.095	.009	.802	. /53	.024	1.020	.797
Total	.533	.459	.642	.569	.535	.753	.404	.599	.555	.563	.640	.644
Bahrain	.008	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001
Iran	.124	.121	.186	.123	.061	.122	.107	.153	.102	.131	.127	.206
Iraq	.000	.000	.000	.000	.065	.159	.102	.082	.154	.002	.000	.064
Kuwait	.065	.000	.018	.000	.002	.070	.002	.003	.000	.000	.063	.003
U.A.E	.008	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Qatar	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia	.327	.338	.437	.444	.407	.401	.194	.361	.299	.429	.450	.370
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total	.379	.335	.356	.319	.285	.342	.405	.204	.196	.261	.379	.153
Algeria	.128	.140	.110	.068	.177	.216	.187	.124	.115	.138	.195	.091
Libya	.057	.027	.069	.068	.014	.044	.063	.080	.051	.102	.110	.027
Nigeria	.194	.168	.177	.183	.094	.083	.154	.000	.030	.022	.074	.035
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Venezuela	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.11 Germany--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

-												
	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total Net Imports	2.928 .707	2.807 .616	2.880 .653	2.805 .645	2.939 .605	2.665 .618	2.626 .660	2.729 .668	2.963 .683	2.703 .581	3.129 .656	2.674 .682
<pre>Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from Persian Gulf2/</pre>	.707	.010	.653	.045	.605	.610	.000	.000	.003	.301	.030	.002
Total	.199	.193	.167	.106	.088	.094	.131	.189	.153	.192	.176	.187
Bahrain	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran	.034	.016	.018	.000	.012	.011	.028	.029	.016	.037	.022	.037
Iraq	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait	.021	.025	.028	.011	.009	.009	.010	.020	.009	.013	.014	.009
U.A.E	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002	.002	.002	.005	.000
Qatar	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia	.144	.152	.122	.094	.068	.074	.094	.137	.125	.140	.135	.141
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total	.420	.398	.428	.511	.503	.505	.485	.416	.470	.352	.378	.459
Algeria	.089	.045	.084	.139	.108	.100	.108	.108	.054	.070	.061	.092
Libya	.267	.281	.232	.250	.276	.216	.256	.182	.318	.261	.252	.273
Nigeria	.064	.072	.112	.121	.118	.189	.121	.126	.097	.021	.066	.095
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total	.087	.024	.058	.029	.014	.018	.043	.064	.059	.037	.101	.036
Venezuela	.087	.024	.058	.029	.014	.018	.043	.064	.059	.037	.101	.036
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.001	.000
Indonesia	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.001	.000

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^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.12 Italy--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

-												
	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total Net Imports	1.780	1.858	1.873	1.911	2.036	1.853	1.690	1.359	1.794	1.638	1.666	1.662
<pre>Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from Persian Gulf2/</pre>	1.322	1.232	1.325	1.372	1.429	1.281	1.270	1.142	1.484	1.202	1.379	1.276
Total	.569	.459	.543	.532	.550	.589	.507	.458	.646	.526	.618	.571
Bahrain	.000	.000	.007	.000	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran	.364	.268	.209	.238	.241	.249	.250	.147	.365	.256	.232	.259
Iraq	.000	.000	.000	.000	.048	.000	.032	.000	.049	.000	.000	.021
Kuwait	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
U.A.E	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Qatar	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia	.205	.192	.327	.294	.258	.338	.223	.311	.232	.270	.386	.291
Imports from	.205	• 1 9 2	. 527	• 234	.250	• 330	.225	• 511	. 252	.270	.300	• 291
OPEC-Africa												
Total	.714	.756	.742	.820	.848	.672	.756	.669	.814	.669	.699	.670
Algeria	.153	.121	.094	.122	.110	.084	.073	.141	.101	.059	.058	.073
Libya	.515	.618	.576	.637	.632	.524	.617	.492	.684	.610	.612	.597
Nigeria	.047	.017	.071	.061	.105	.065	.066	.036	.029	.000	.030	.000
Imports from									***		,,,,	
OPEC-South America												
Total	.000	.000	.029	.000	.017	.004	.007	.016	.000	.000	.051	.018
Venezuela	.000	.000	.029	.000	.017	.004	.007	.016	.000	.000	.051	.018
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total	.039	.016	.018	.021	.017	.018	.000	.000	.024	.006	.010	.017
Indonesia	.039	.016	.018	.021	.017	.018	.000	.000	.024	.006	.010	.017

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.13 OECD Imports from Iraq (Most Recent 12 Months) (Million Barrels per Day for Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids and Refined Products)

Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar April May June July August			Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
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1997

	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.308	0.409	0.380	0.537	0.636	0.155	0.097	0.152
United States2/	.000	.000	.000	.014	.000	.000	.035	.069	.102	.115	.088	.000
Canada	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
OECD Europe3/	.000	.000	.000	.065	.308	.342	.344	.404	.471	.036	.000	.151
Main European Importe		.000	•000	•005	• 300	.512	.511	. 101	• 4/1	•050	.000	• 131
France	.000	.000	.000	.000	.065	.159	.102	.082	.154	.002	.000	.064
Germany4/	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	.002	.000	.000
Italy	.000	.000	.000	.000	.048	.000	.032	.000	.049	.000	.000	.021
Spain	.000	.000	.000	.029	.094	.021	.097	.131	.066	.033	.000	.066
Netherlands	.000	.000	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.094	.031	.000	.000	.000
European Net Exporte		.000	•000	•000	•000	•000	.000	.034	•031	•000	.000	•000
United Kingdom	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
_		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Smaller European Impo	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
	.000	.000	.000	.000	.020	.029	.000	.014	.053	.000	.000	.000
Belgium												
Denmark	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece	.000	.000	.000	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Portugal	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.034	.000	.031	.000	.000	.000
Sweden	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Switzerland	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.010	.005	.000	.000	.000
_Turkey	.000	.000	.000	.037	.064	.133	.071	.074	.081	.000	.000	.000
Japan	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.067	.000	.061	.059	.000	.000	.000
Other OECD	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.003	.004	.004	.009	.000

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and Germany.

^{3/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Table 3.14 OECD Imports from Kuwait (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

_				·								
	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	August
Total	1.037	1.008	1.085	1.009	1.170	1.075	1.096	1.064	0.853	1.100	1.163	0.912
United States1/	.236	.260	.228	.262	.209	.172	.315	.204	.128	.361	.331	.229
Canada	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
OECD Europe2/	.337	.221	.368	.218	.309	.322	.222	.217	.248	.210	.356	.200
Main European Importe	ers											
France	.065	.000	.018	.000	.002	.070	.002	.003	.000	.000	.063	.003
Germany3/	.021	.025	.028	.011	.009	.009	.010	.020	.009	.013	.014	.009
Italy	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Spain	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.003	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Netherlands	.205	.180	.237	.164	.255	.148	.158	.125	.205	.153	.226	.144
European Net Exporte	rs											
Norway	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom	.030	.000	.057	.028	.028	.059	.029	.029	.027	.028	.028	.027
Smaller European Impo	orters											
Austria	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium	.000	.000	.014	.000	.000	.015	.008	.024	.007	.000	.000	.000
Denmark	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Portugal	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Sweden	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Switzerland	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Turkey	.016	.016	.016	.015	.015	.020	.012	.016	.000	.016	.025	.016
Japan	.462	.516	.487	.519	.642	.571	.548	.640	.464	.523	.473	.482
Other OECD	.002	.011	.002	.011	.010	.011	.011	.002	.013	.006	.002	.002

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^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and Germany.

^{3/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources for Section 3 (International Oil Imports)

Oil Imports

United States: • Energy Information Administration (EIA), <u>Petroleum Supply Annual 1996</u> and <u>Petroleum Supply Monthly</u>, November 1997. Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), <u>Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances</u>, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1991-1997.

Historical Oil Data Series
 1970-1996

Table 4.1a World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait <u>1</u> /	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <u>1</u> /	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1970 Average	1,029	854	3,829	1,549	2,990	3,318	1,083	362	3,799	780	3,708	23,301
1971 Average	785	892	4,540	1,694	3,197	2,761	1,531	431	4,769	1,060	3,549	25,209
1972 Average	1,062	1,081	5,023	1,466	3,283	2,239	1,816	482	6,016	1,203	3,220	26,891
1973 Average	1,097	1,339	5,861	2,018	3,020	2,175	2,054	570	7,596	1,533	3,366	30,629
1974 Average	1,009	1,375	6,022	1,971	2,546	1,521	2,255	518	8,480	1,679	2,976	30,351
1975 Average	983	1,307	5,350	2,262	2,084	1,480	1,783	438	7,075	1,664	2,346	26,771
1976 Average	1,075	1,504	5,883	2,415	2,145	1,933	2,067	497	8,577	1,936	2,294	30,327
1977 Average	1,152	1,686	5,663	2,348	1,969	2,063	2,085	445	9,245	1,999	2,238	30,893
1978 Average	1,231	1,635	5,242	2,563	2,131	1,983	1,897	487	8,301	1,831	2,165	29,464
1979 Average	1,224	1,591	3,168	3,477	2,500	2,092	2,302	508	9,532	1,831	2,356	30,581
1980 Average	1,106	1,577	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,055	472	9,900	1,709	2,168	26,606
1981 Average	1,002	1,605	1,380	1,000	1,125	1,140	1,433	405	9,815	1,474	2,102	22,481
1982 Average	987	1,339	2,214	1,012	823	1,150	1,295	330	6,483	1,250	1,895	18,778
1983 Average	968	1,343	2,440	1,005	1,064	1,105	1,241	295	5,086	1,149	1,801	17,497
1984 Average	1,014	1,412	2,174	1,209	1,157	1,087	1,388	394	4,663	1,146	1,798	17,442
1985 Average	1,037	1,325	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	16,181
1986 Average	945	1,390	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,467	308	4,870	1,330	1,787	18,275
1987 Average	1,048	1,343	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,341	293	4,265	1,541	1,752	18,517
1988 Average	1,040	1,342	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,450	346	5,086	1,565	1,903	20,324
1989 Average	1,095	1,409	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,716	380	5,064	1,860	1,907	22,071
1990 Average	1,175	1,462	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,810	406	6,410	2,117	2,137	23,195
1991 Average	1,230	1,592	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,892	395	8,115	2,386	2,375	23,275
1992 Average	1,214	1,504	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,943	423	8,332	2,266	2,371	24,398
1993 Average	1,162	1,511	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,960	413	8,198	2,159	2,450	25,119
1994 Average	1,180	1,510	3,618	553	2,025	1,378	1,931	415	8,120	2,193	2,588	25,510
1995 Average	1,202	1,503	3,643	560	2,057	1,390	1,993	483	8,231	2,279	2,750	26,092
1996 Average P	1,242	1,547	3,686	584	2,062	1,401	2,188	510	8,218	2,278	3,053	26,769

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1970 through 1989 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia.

P=Preliminary.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Table 4.1b World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Norway	United Kingdom	North Sea <u>1</u> /	Angola	Argen- tina	Austra- lia	Brazil	Canada	China	Colombia	Ecuado
1970 Average	0	2	0	112	393	178	167	1,263	600	219	4
1971 Average	6	2	6	93	423	309	174	1,348	780	214	4
1972 Average	33	2	35	140	433	327	167	1,532	900	196	78
1973 Average	32	2	36	162	420	369	169	1,798	1,090	184	209
1974 Average	35	2	38	169	414	388	176	1,551	1,315	168	177
1975 Average	189	12	202	165	395	409	177	1,430	1,490	157	161
1976 Average	279	245	525	108	398	426	167	1,314	1,670	146	188
1977 Average	280	768	1,055	194	431	431	161	1,321	1,874	138	183
1978 Average	356	1,082	1,446	131	453	432	160	1,316	2,082	131	202
1979 Average	403	1,568	1,976	147	473	441	166	1,500	2,122	124	214
1980 Average	528	1,622	2,151	150	491	380	182	1,435	2,114	126	204
1981 Average	501	1,811	2,322	130	496	394	213	1,285	2,012	125	211
1982 Average	520	2,065	2,617	122	491	370	260	1,271	2,045	141	211
1983 Average	614	2,291	2,965	177	491	416	339	1,356	2,120	152	237
1984 Average	697	2,480	3,250	208	478	492	475	1,438	2,296	168	258
1985 Average	788	2,530	3,417	231	460	575	564	1,471	2,505	176	281
1986 Average	870	2,539	3,547	282	434	520	572	1,474	2,620	305	293
1987 Average	1,022	2,406	3,584	360	428	547	566	1,535	2,690	385	174
1988 Average	1,158	2,232	3,540	452	449	538	554	1,616	2,730	378	302
1989 Average	1,554	1,802	3,515	455	460	490	596	1,560	2,757	403	279
1990 Average	1,704	1,820	3,667	475	483	575	631	1,553	2,774	440	285
1991 Average	1,890	1,797	3,811	500	485	545	630	1,548	2,835	419	299
1992 Average	2,229	1,825	4,182	526	553	535	626	1,605	2,845	433	321
1993 Average	2,350	1,915	4,403	509	594	503	643	1,679	2,890	456	344
1994 Average	2,521	2,375	5,058	536	650	536	671	1,746	2,939	450	365
1995 Average	2,768	2,489	5,400	646	715	562	695	1,805	2,990	585	392
1996 Average P	3,104	2,568	5,822	709	756	570	795	1,823	3,131	623	387

 $[\]frac{1}{P}$ North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore. $\frac{1}{P}$ -Preliminary.

Table 4.1c World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

								Former		United		
	Egypt	Gabon	India	Malaysia	Mexico	Oman	Russia	U.S.S.R.	Syria	States	Other <u>1</u> /	World
1970 Average	326	109	144	18	487	332		6,985	80	9,637	1,529	45,886
1971 Average	293	115	143	69	486	294		7,475	100	9,463	1,518	48,518
1972 Average	231	125	156	93	505	282		7,890	124	9,441	1,592	51,138
1973 Average	165	150	147	91	465	293		8,324	105	9,208	1,667	55,679
1974 Average	150	202	156	81	571	290		8,912	124	8,774	1,711	55,716
1975 Average	235	223	165	98	705	343		9,523	170	8,375	1,636	52,828
1976 Average	330	223	175	165	831	366		10,060	175	8,132	1,620	57,344
1977 Average	415	222	199	184	981	341		10,603	188	8,245	1,655	59,707
1978 Average	485	209	226	217	1,209	315		11,105	170	8,707	1,706	60,158
1979 Average	525	203	245	283	1,461	295		11,384	166	8,552	1,821	62,674
1980 Average	595	175	182	283	1,936	282		11,706	164	8,597	1,842	59,600
1981 Average	598	151	325	264	2,313	319		11,850	166	8,572	1,859	56,076
1982 Average	670	156	390	306	2,748	324		11,912	160	8,649	1,892	53,481
1983 Average	727	157	480	365	2,689	375		11,972	167	8,688	1,946	53,256
1984 Average	822	157	519	440	2,780	414		11,861	170	8,879	2,015	54,489
1985 Average	887	172	620	440	2,745	498		11,585	178	8,971	2,124	53,982
1986 Average	813	166	630	504	2,435	560		11,895	194	8,680	2,166	56,227
1987 Average	896	155	609	497	2,548	582		12,050	230	8,349	2,120	56,666
1988 Average	848	159	635	540	2,512	617		12,053	265	8,140	2,235	58,737
1989 Average	865	208	700	585	2,520	641		11,715	340	7,613	2,249	59,863
1990 Average	873	270	660	619	2,553	685		10,975	388	7,355	2,253	60,566
1991 Average	874	294	615	646	2,680	700		9,992	492	7,417	2,274	60,207
1992 Average	881	298	561	653	2,669	740	7,632		481	7,171	3,233	60,216
1993 Average	890	313	534	640	2,673	776	6,730		554	6,847	3,290	60,247
1994 Average	896	329	590	645	2,685	810	6,135		560	6,662	3,393	61,003
1995 Average	920	345	703	682	2,618	851	5,995		610	6,560	3,423	62,446
1996 Average P	922	368	651	695	2,855	883	5,774		604	6,465	3,520	63,972

^{1/} Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC" (Table 1.1a) and all other countries listed (Tables 1.1b and 1.1c). The total "North Sea" is not subtracted from the world total, though Norway and the United Kingdom have been subtracted.

^{-- =} Not applicable. P=Preliminary.

Table 4.2 OPEC Crude Oil Production (Excluding Condensate), 1980-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait <u>1</u> /	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <u>1</u> /	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1980 Average	1 006	1,497	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,045	472	9,900	1,704	2,147	26,390
1981 Average.	-	1,513	1,380	1,000	1,125	1,140	1,423	405	9,815	1,469	2,083	22,155
1982 Average.		1,313	2,214	1,012	823	1,150	1,285	330	6,483	1,215	1,878	18,349
1983 Average.		1,245	2,440	1,005	1,064	1,105	1,231	295	5,086	1,109	1,768	16,996
1984 Average.		1,279	2,174	1,209	1,157	1,087	1,368	394	4,663	1,091	1,689	16,805
1985 Average.		1,181	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,475	301	3,388	1,133	1,558	15,503
1986 Average.		1,257	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,447	308	4,870	1,270	1,645	17,575
1987 Average.		1,189	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,291	293	4,265	1,441	1,587	17,648
1988 Average		1,177	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,400	346	5,086	1,465	1,715	19,421
1989 Average		1,231	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,666	380	5,064	1,783	1,747	21,201
1990 Average		1,281	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,755	406	6,410	2,066	2,097	22,458
1991 Average		1,410	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,832	395	8,115	2,326	2,338	22,506
1992 Average		1,326	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,820	423	8,332	2,206	2,334	23,558
1993 Average		1,327	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,835	413	8,198	2,109	2,410	24,304
1994 Average		1,334	3,600	548	2,034	1,378	1,887	409	8,147	2,183	2,542	24,812
1995 Average .		1,343	3,608	550	2,057	1,390	1,876	449	8,231	2,197	2,710	25,179
1996 Average E		1,367	3,651	579	2,062	1,401	2,051	475	8,218	2,198	3,013	25,826

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia.

P=Preliminary.

Note: OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for Countries in this group.

Table 4.3 World Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1970-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

Al	geria	Canada	Mexico	Saudi Arabia	Russia	Former USSR	United States <u>1</u> /	Persian Gulf <u>2</u> /	OAPEC3/	OPEC3/	World
L970 Average	3	200	58	50		120	1,660	119	137	205	2,383
L971 Average	4	234	59	50		135	1,693	138	147	243	2,508
1972 Average	4	293	61	55		155	1,744	155	159	275	2,676
L973 Average	9	314	75	90		170	1,738	191	196	324	2,785
L974 Average	12	314	80	130		190	1,688	231	219	347	2,789
L975 Average	20	309	80	140		205	1,633	246	252	372	2,790
L976 Average	24	289	95	185		220	1,603	291	313	442	2,865
L977 Average	19	290	105	215		235	1,618	335	366	482	2,982
L978 Average	25	281	115	250		255	1,567	410	447	566	3,078
1979 Average	30	331	150	303		270	1,584	458	535	637	3,285
L980 Average	36	331	193	369		285	1,573	534	618	732	3,444
L981 Average	49	330	241	433		300	1,609	599	691	825	3,625
L982 Average	58	318	255	430		315	1,550	612	721	842	3,626
L983 Average	56	309	265	330		330	1,559	552	655	780	3,635
L984 Average	105	336	257	355		340	1,630	604	761	869	3,869
L985 Average	120	337	271	375		350	1,609	645	808	892	3,938
L986 Average	120	328	352	385		440	1,551	700	860	969	4,150
L987 Average	140	367	338	418		430	1,595	721	900	1,006	4,279
L988 Average	120	381	370	499		450	1,625	808	979	1,077	4,481
L989 Average	130	410	384	503		425	1,546	851	1,041	1,188	4,502
L990 Average	130	426	428	620		425	1,559	930	1,107	1,281	4,632
L991 Average	140	431	457	680		420	1,659	931	1,113	1,299	4,827
L992 Average	140	460	454	713	230		1,697	1,003	1,185	1,364	4,973
L993 Average	145	506	459	704	220		1,736	1,040	1,238	1,435	5,169
L994 Average	140	529	461	698	200		1,727	1,071	1,267	1,465	5,282
L995 Average	145	581	447	701	180		1,762	1,106	1,301	1,506	5,474
L996 Average P	145	599	423	697	248		1,830	1,082	1,274	1,452	5,625

 $[\]underline{1}/$ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. $\underline{2}/$ See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

P=Preliminary.

Table 4.4 World Oil Supply, 1970-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	United	Persian			
	States <u>1</u> /	Gulf <u>2</u> /	OAPEC3/	OPEC <u>3</u> /	World
1970 Average	11,673	13,541	14,571	23,567	48,986
1971 Average	11,554	15,940	15,427	25,514	51,766
1972 Average	11,601	17,734	16,451	27,228	54 , 574
1973 Average	11,428	20,895	18,656	31,015	59 , 300
1974 Average	10,978	21,550	18,399	30,762	59 , 391
1975 Average	10,505	19,223	16,831	27,218	56,511
1976 Average	10,251	21,847	19,563	30,841	61,121
1977 Average	10,437	22,098	20,372	31,443	63,665
1978 Average	10,820	21,067	19,819	30,120	64,225
1979 Average	10,707	21,569	22,575	31,300	66,973
1980 Average	10,809	18,541	20,715	27,419	64,153
1981 Average	10,739	15,894	17,619	23,393	60,763
1982 Average	10,783	12,815	13,786	19,702	58,226
1983 Average	10,788	11,676	12,416	18,352	58,056
1984 Average	11,107	11,433	12,619	18,389	59 , 645
1985 Average	11,192	10,320	11,498	17,151	59,264
1986 Average	10,905	12,441	13,653	19,310	61,771
1987 Average	10,648	12,869	13,992	19,589	62,429
1988 Average	10,473	14,310	15,662	21,465	64,707
1989 Average	9,880	15,733	16,658	23,323	65,894
1990 Average	9,677	16,249	17,232	24,536	66,756
1991 Average	9,883	15,704	16,747	24,625	66,634
1992 Average	9,768	17,010	17,871	25,818	66,937
1993 Average	9,602	17,792	18,505	26,610	67,345
1994 Average	9,413	18,072	18,745	27,031	68,218
1995 Average	9,400	18,439	19,192	27,654	69,916
1996 Average P	9,445	18,491	19,243	28,277	71,738

 $[\]underline{1}/$ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. $\underline{2}/$ See Appendix A for countries in this group.

Note: Oil Supply includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery gain. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

P=Preliminary.

Table 4.5 Oil Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Year (Million Barrels)

		France	Italy	Germany <u>1</u> /	United Kingdom	OECD Europe <u>2</u> /	United States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /	Total OECD
1973	December	201	152	181	156	1,070	1,008	140	303	67	2,588
1974	December	249	167	213	191	1,227	1,074	145	370	64	2,880
1975	December	225	143	187	165	1,154	1,133	174	375	67	2,903
L976	December	234	143	208	165	1,205	1,112	153	380	68	2,918
1977	December	239	161	225	148	1,268	1,312	167	409	68	3,224
1978	December	201	154	238	157	1,219	1,278	144	413	68	3,122
1979	December	226	163	272	169	1,353	1,341	150	460	75	3,379
L980	December	243	170	319	168	1,464	1,392	164	495	72	3,587
.981	December	214	167	297	143	1,337	1,484	161	482	67	3,531
L982	December	193	179	272	125	1,258	1,430	136	484	68	3,376
L983	December	153	149	249	118	1,142	1,454	121	470	68	3,255
1984	December	152	159	239	112	1,130	1,556	128	479	69	3,362
L985	December	139	157	233	123	1,092	1,519	113	494	66	3,284
L986	December	127	155	252	124	1,133	1,593	111	509	72	3,418
L987	December	127	169	259	121	1,130	1,607	126	540	71	3,474
L988	December	140	155	266	112	1,118	1,597	116	538	71	3,440
L989	December	138	164	271	118	1,133	1,581	114	577	71	3,476
L990	December	140	172	265	112	1,163	1,621	121	590	73	3,568
L991	December	153	160	288	119	1,181	1,617	119	606	65	3,588
.992	December	146	174	310	113	1,219	1,592	107	603	67	3,588
.993	December	158	163	309	118	1,221	1,647	105	618	69	3,661
L994	December	158	164	312	115	1,240	1,653	119	645	69	3,726
L995	December	159	162	301	107	1,228	1,563	109	630	71	3,601
1996	December P	158	152	300	108	1,256	1,507	103	651	74	3,591

 \overline{P} =Preliminary.

Note: Oil Stocks - See Explanatory Note 2 in Appendix B.

^{1/} Data through December 1990 are for the former West Germany. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unlified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982.

^{4/ &}quot;Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

Table 4.6 World Oil Demand, 1970-1996 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

									₽-	OECD xcluding	7	OECD including	
				United	OECD	United			13.	East	East	East	World
Fr	ance	Italy	Germany <u>1</u> /	Kingdom	Europe <u>2</u> /	States <u>3</u> /	Canada	Japan	Other <u>4</u> /	Germany	Germany	Germany	Total
.970 Average 1	.,937	1,710	2,607	2,096	12,404	14,697	1,516	3,817	836	33,270	223	33,493	46,808
1971 Average 2	,115	1,838	2,702	2,141	13,005	15,213	1,565	4,142	831	34,755	238	34,993	49,416
.972 Average 2	2,322	1,947	2,859	2,284	13,934	16,367	1,664	4,363	948	37,275	270	37,545	53,094
.973 Average 2	2,601	2,068	3,055	2,341	14,925	17,308	1,729	4,949	988	39,900	282	40,182	57,23
.974 Average 2	2,447	2,004	2,748	2,210	13,988	16,653	1,779	4,864	1,095	38,379	307	38,686	56,67
.975 Average 2		1,855	2,650	1,911	13,217	16,322	1,779	4,621	1,041	36,980	307	37,287	56,19
976 Average 2		1,971	2,877	1,892	14,124	17,461	1,818	4,837	1,119	39,358	329	39,687	59,67
977 Average 2	2,294	1,897	2,865	1,905	13,916	18,431	1,850	4,880	1,160	40,237	347	40,584	61,82
.978 Average 2	408	1,952	2,927	1,938	14,290	18,847	1,902	4,945	1,204	41,187	363	41,550	64,15
979 Average 2	463	2,039	3,003	1,971	14,667	18,513	1,971	5,050	1,178	41,379	369	41,748	65,22
980 Average 2	2,256	1,934	2,707	1,725	13,634	17,056	1,873	4,960	1,072	38,595	375	38,970	63,06
981 Average 2	2,023	1,874	2,449	1,590	12,515	16,058	1,768	4,848	1,080	36,269	355	36,624	60,90
982 Average 1	,880	1,781	2,372	1,590	12,053	15,296	1,578	4,582	1,008	34,517	371	34,888	59,50
983 Average 1	,835	1,750	2,324	1,531	11,765	15,231	1,448	4,395	954	33,793	336	34,129	58,74
984 Average 1	754	1,646	2,322	1,849	11,736	15,726	1,472	4,576	989	34,500	340	34,840	59,83
.985 Average 1	775	1,717	2,338	1,634	11,681	15,726	1,504	4,384	976	34,271	362	34,633	60,09
.986 Average 1		1,738	2,498	1,649	12,102	16,281	1,506	4,439	951	35,279	362	35,641	61,75
.987 Average 1	-	1,855	2,424	1,603	12,255	16,665	1,548	4,484	959	35,911	342	36,253	62,99
.988 Average 1	797	1,836	2,422	1,697	12,427	17,283	1,693	4,752	939	37,093	322	37,415	64,81
989 Average 1	-	1,930	2,280	1,738	12,531	17,325	1,733	4,983	998	37,570	301	37,871	65,91
.990 Average 1	,818	1,872	2,382	1,752	12,629	16,988	1,690	5,140	1,027	37,475	283	37,758	65,98
991 Average 1	-	1,863	2,828	1,801	13,391	16,714	1,622	5,284	1,056			38,067	66,57
992 Average 1		1,937	2,843	1,803	13,605	17,033	1,643	5,446	1,041			38,768	66,74
993 Average 1	-	1,852	2,900	1,815	13,523	17,237	1,688	5,401	1,118			38,967	67,04
.994 Average 1	•	1,841	2,879	1,837	13,597	17,718	1,727	5,674	1,174			39,890	68,31
.995 Average 1		2,048	2,875	1,845	14,120	17,725	1,755	5,711	1,227			40,537	70,19
.996 Average P. 1		2,058	2,911	1,845	14,269	18,309	1,799	5,867	1,124			41,368	71,89

^{1/2} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{4/ &}quot;Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

P=Preliminary. --=Not Applicable.

Note: The term Demand is used interchangeably with Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition.

Table 4.7 OECD Total Net Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
-				-		Average					
Total	17.670	18.008	18.706	20.082	20.456	20.414	20.783	21.226	21.133	20.717	21.45
United States1/	5.439	5.914	6.587	7.202	7.161	6.626	6.938	7.618	8.054	7.886	8.498
Canada	391	358	585	462	425	479	546	586	623	756	805
OECD Europe2/	7.893	7.742	7.774	7.994	8.210	8.588	8.459	8.127	7.355	7.226	7.33
Main European Importe	ers										
France	1.682	1.742	1.718	1.711	1.750	1.869	1.784	1.761	1.615	1.721	1.738
Germany3/	2.380	2.281	2.279	2.112	2.202	2.664	2.739	2.723	2.731	2.699	2.79
Italy	1.642	1.718	1.590	1.716	1.788	1.769	1.839	1.747	1.778	1.820	1.79
Netherlands	.632	.562	.646	.635	.677	.690	.713	.688	.720	.700	.76
Spain	.747	.803	.869	.952	.950	.951	.998	1.066	1.119	1.202	1.18
European Net Exporter	rs										
Norway	718	866	-1.036	-1.420	-1.543	-1.825	-2.102	-2.254	-2.586	-2.794	-3.15
United Kingdom	-1.067	-1.015	760	200	214	158	221	355	850	969	83
Smaller European Impo	orters										
Austria	.188	.194	.185	.191	.201	.212	.209	.205	.210	.194	.21
Belgium	.456	.443	.451	.454	.442	.506	.517	.503	.517	.495	.57
Denmark	.150	.122	.107	.078	.063	.048	.032	.023	.027	.039	.02
Ireland	.098	.081	.076	.079	.095	.094	.097	.102	.109	.116	.12
Finland	.229	.242	.200	.220	.208	.211	.188	.182	.234	.145	.18
Greece	.245	.230	.242	.252	.273	.297	.326	.327	.292	.343	.35
Iceland	.011	.013	.012	.011	.011	.012	.011	.014	.015	.015	.01
Luxembourg	.024	.028	.028	.031	.034	.039	.040	.039	.040	.036	.03
Portugal	.183	.199	.198	.246	.250	.258	.279	.272	.270	.291	. 27
Sweden	.379	.309	.313	.290	.324	.312	.320	.335	.362	.356	.40
Switzerland	.290	.254	.258	.254	.273	.273	.277	.250	.262	.248	.26
Turkey	.342	.402	.397	.384	.425	.366	.413	.500	.490	.569	.60
Japan	4.392	4.418	4.680	5.035	5.239	5.286	5.464	5.467	5.766	5.716	5.79
Other OECD	.338	.291	.250	.313	.270	.392	.467	.599	.580	.644	.63

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day.

[•]Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.8 OECD Imports from OPEC, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
-	-					Average					
Total	12.280	12.327	13.049	14.521	15.576	15.360	15.567	16.018	15.765	15.469	15.630
United States1/	2.724	2.988	3.439	3.986	4.172	3.918	3.888	4.103	4.036	3.979	4.194
Canada	.158	.154	.161	.205	.199	.210	.210	.268	.285	.257	.261
OECD Europe2/	6.073	5.597	5.842	6.188	6.633	6.728	6.758	6.794	6.385	6.154	6.053
Main European Importe	ers										
France	.882	.684	.737	.875	1.101	1.021	.932	1.006	.956	.911	.897
Germany3/	.830	.675	.761	.739	.771	.859	.957	.948	.838	.711	.660
Italy	1.361	1.307	1.191	1.260	1.375	1.393	1.343	1.222	1.117	1.203	1.24
Netherlands	.768	.767	.850	.892	.850	.900	.914	.982	.906	.791	.779
Spain	.584	.543	.604	.686	.652	.700	.632	.582	.668	.781	.77
European Net Exporter	rs .										
Norway	.008	.002	.002	.003	.007	.014	.004	.005	.003	.003	.00
United Kingdom	.324	.277	.322	.342	.406	.377	.390	.439	.306	.254	.23
Smaller European Impo	orters										
Austria	.090	.087	.082	.086	.097	.108	.115	.128	.119	.057	.023
Belgium	.288	.257	.302	.353	.313	.362	.359	.359	.284	.276	.284
Denmark	.025	.053	.067	.069	.044	.006	.001	.006	.008	.022	.02
Ireland	.001	.001	_	_	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland	.021	.023	.011	.013	.013	.029	.033	.007	.004	.004	.00
Greece	.273	.279	.233	.244	.340	.298	.346	.303	.266	.263	.28
Portugal	.120	.101	.118	.156	.166	.139	.152	.166	.227	.209	.17
Sweden	.086	.062	.074	.064	.073	.105	.116	.123	.126	.109	.093
Switzerland	.068	.069	.051	.021	.036	.052	.051	.063	.082	.083	.098
Turkey	.344	.411	.439	.384	.388	.365	.412	.452	.475	.477	.48
Japan	3.036	3.198	3.309	3.788	4.062	4.026	4.198	4.245	4.495	4.467	4.47
Other OECD	.288	.389	.298	.355	.510	.478	.512	.609	.563	.612	.653

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.9 OECD Imports from Persian Gulf, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
	-					Average					
Imports from											
Persian Gulf											
Total	7.228	7.392	7.941	9.121	9.667	9.249	9.456	10.029	9.609	9.310	9.215
United States <u>1</u> /	.909	1.072	1.526	1.857	1.961	1.835	1.774	1.775	1.722	1.563	1.594
Canada	.054	.054	.056	.069	.081	.084	.092	.105	.119	.070	.111
OECD Europe2/	3.513	3.330	3.428	3.754	3.908	3.660	3.666	4.048	3.506	3.365	3.17
Main European Import											
France	.586	.459	.484	.647	.864	.708	.640	.757	.651	.647	.57
Germany <u>3</u> /	.232	.187	.197	.216	.217	.227	.215	.250	.217	.172	.14
Italy	.817	.782	.643	.619	.626	.595	.573	.548	.430	.494	.502
Netherlands	.509	.516	.587	.663	.647	.609	.650	.744	.662	.563	.566
Spain	.328	.295	.306	.352	.291	.281	.231	.287	.275	.324	.304
European Net Export											
Norway	.006	.002	-	-	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom	.173	.164	.212	.240	.250	.222	.220	.303	.174	.135	.10
Smaller European Imp	porters										
Austria	.011	.026	.025	.022	.016	.021	.031	.036	.038	.035	.004
Belgium	.182	.162	.224	.277	.250	.279	.292	.291	.232	.252	.26
Denmark	.024	.047	.063	.067	.043	.004	.000	.002	.000	.000	.000
Finland	.021	.022	.011	.012	.011	.021	.023	.002	.002	.002	.00
Greece	.204	.211	.146	.181	.268	.219	.291	.253	.214	.223	.23
Portugal	.088	.069	.066	.085	.073	.067	.074	.050	.117	.107	.083
Sweden	.036	.029	.045	.043	.039	.064	.068	.088	.076	.068	.06
Switzerland	.008	.008	.007	.007	.007	.007	.007	.008	.012	.007	.00
Turkey	.289	.348	.411	.323	.307	.324	.349	.429	.405	.336	.320
Japan	2.557	2.637	2.691	3.173	3.394	3.370	3.586	3.721	3.946	3.979	4.02
Other OECD	.195	.299	.241	.267	.322	.300	.338	.381	.316	.334	.313

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/ &}quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •"Persian Gulf" consists of Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day.
•Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.10 United States--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
	-					Average					
Total Net Imports	5.439	5.914	6.587	7.202	7.161	6.626	6.938	7.618	8.054	7.886	8.498
Imports from OPEC1/	2.724	2.988	3.439	3.986	4.172	3.918	3.888	4.103	4.036	3.979	4.194
Imports from Persian Gulf2/											
Total	.909	1.072	1.526	1.857	1.961	1.835	1.774	1.775	1.722	1.563	1.594
Bahrain	.001	001	.000	001	001	001	002	002	002	003	002
Iran	.019	.098	.000	.000	.000	.032	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iraq	.081	.083	.343	.449	.518	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001
Kuwait	.068	.082	.092	.157	.086	.006	.051	.353	.312	.218	.236
U.A.E	.043	.059	.028	.027	.016	.001	.004	.009	.011	.004	003
Qatar	.013	.000	.000	.002	.004	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia	.685	.751	1.063	1.224	1.339	1.797	1.720	1.414	1.402	1.344	1.363
Imports from OPEC-Af:											
Total	.711	.830	.918	1.084	1.080	.956	.876	.956	.880	.859	.872
Algeria	.271	.295	.300	.269	.280	.253	.196	.220	.243	.234	.256
Libya	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Nigeria	.440	.535	.618	.815	.800	.703	.680	.736	.637	.625	.616
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total	.788	.801	.790	.861	1.016	1.020	1.161	1.295	1.322	1.468	1.667
Venezuela	.788	.801	.790	.861	1.016	1.020	1.161	1.295	1.322	1.468	1.667
Imports from OPEC-Fa:	r East										
Total	.317	.284	.205	.182	.113	.106	.075	.074	.109	.087	.058
Indonesia	.317	.284	.205	.182	.113	.106	.075	.074	.109	.087	.058

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.11 Japan--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
-						Average					
Total Net Imports	4.392	4.418	4.680	5.035	5.239	5.286	5.464	5.467	5.766	5.716	5.790
Imports from OPEC <u>1</u> / Imports from Persian Gulf2/	3.036	3.198	3.309	3.788	4.062	4.026	4.198	4.245	4.495	4.467	4.470
Total	2.557	2.637	2.691	3.173	3.394	3.370	3.586	3.721	3.946	3.979	4.025
Bahrain	.034	.037	.036	.042	.037	.037	.029	.025	.028	.029	.033
Iran	.220	.230	.187	.291	.385	.383	.362	.384	.459	.399	.451
Iraq	.164	.105	.173	.219	.146	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait	.278	.347	.341	.458	.291	.014	.220	.368	.430	.501	.500
U.A.E	.890	.773	.822	.929	1.032	1.285	1.256	1.287	1.398	1.420	1.396
Qatar	.183	.139	.203	.250	.263	.285	.300	.330	.328	.335	.335
Saudi Arabia	.789	1.005	.930	.984	1.240	1.367	1.420	1.327	1.303	1.296	1.310
Imports from OPEC-Afr	rica										
Total	.016	.023	.044	.015	.011	.011	.007	.008	.017	.026	.032
Algeria	.015	.023	.044	.015	.010	.010	.007	.008	.012	.011	.012
Libya	.001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria Imports from OPEC-South America	-	-	-	-	.001	.001	.000	.000	.005	.016	.020
Total	.012	.012	.011	.011	.011	.010	.010	.009	.009	.002	.003
Venezuela	.012	.012	.011	.011	.011	.010	.010	.009	.009	.002	.003
Imports from OPEC-Far											
Total	.486	.563	.599	.631	.682	.673	.624	.533	.551	.488	.442
Indonesia	.486	.563	.599	.631	.682	.673	.624	.533	.551	.488	.442

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.12 OECD Europe--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
-	-		-	-		Average		-			
Total Net Imports	7.893	7.742	7.774	7.994	8.210	8.588	8.459	8.127	7.355	7.226	7.339
Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from Persian Gulf2/	6.073	5.597	5.842	6.188	6.633	6.728	6.758	6.794	6.385	6.154	6.053
Total	3.513	3.330	3.428	3.754	3.908	3.660	3.666	4.048	3.506	3.365	3.171
Bahrain	.002	.001	.009	.005	.020	.002	.003	.004	.003	.000	.001
Iran	.511	.732	.850	1.076	1.190	1.132	1.113	1.253	1.074	1.149	1.059
Iraq	.717	.905	.959	.897	.591	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.006
Kuwait	.456	.469	.474	.452	.346	.019	.142	.461	.302	.269	.288
U.A.E	.164	.206	.134	.214	.446	.281	.199	.092	.067	.011	.004
Qatar	.054	.040	.021	.024	.026	.009	.006	.000	.000	.002	.002
Saudi Arabia	1.609	.978	.981	1.086	1.290	2.217	2.203	2.237	2.060	1.933	1.811
Imports from OPEC-Aft	rica										
Total	2.309	2.058	2.198	2.224	2.509	2.818	2.818	2.491	2.644	2.500	2.644
Algeria	.615	.627	.646	.648	.683	.757	.772	.693	.690	.724	.746
Libya	.967	.962	1.071	1.044	1.267	1.332	1.361	1.193	1.233	1.201	1.204
Nigeria	.727	.469	.481	.532	.559	.729	.686	.605	.721	.575	.694
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total	.252	.208	.220	.212	.227	.249	.268	.240	.219	.273	.206
Venezuela	.252	.208	.220	.212	.227	.249	.268	.240	.219	.273	.206
Imports from OPEC-Far	r East										
Total	.002	.002	.005	.004	.008	.002	.009	.019	.019	.017	.033
Indonesia	.002	.002	.005	.004	.008	.002	.009	.019	.019	.017	.033

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. •Negative numbers represent net exports.

•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.13 France--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
	-		-			Average					
Total Net Imports	1.682	1.742	1.718	1.711	1.750	1.869	1.784	1.761	1.615	1.721	1.738
Imports from OPEC1/	.882	.684	.737	.875	1.101	1.021	.932	1.006	.956	.911	.897
Imports from Persian Gulf2/											
Total	.586	.459	.484	.647	.864	.708	.640	.757	.651	.647	.573
Bahrain	.001	-	.007	.002	.011	.000	.001	.002	.000	.000	.001
Iran	.065	.088	.012	.158	.182	.171	.151	.243	.156	.208	.172
Iraq	.109	.151	.143	.128	.062	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait	.023	.044	.017	.021	.015	.011	.029	.032	.016	.022	.017
U.A.E	.035	-	.017	.040	.233	.064	.033	.025	.003	.002	.001
Qatar	.030	.002	.017	.009	.022	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia	.324	.175	.271	.288	.339	.459	.424	.454	.477	.416	.381
Imports from OPEC-Af:											
Total	.279	.212	.249	.218	.233	.296	.281	.242	.301	.262	.323
Algeria	.089	.072	.079	.089	.092	.107	.105	.066	.089	.103	.105
Libya	.061	.064	.090	.065	.079	.104	.087	.063	.059	.043	.051
Nigeria	.129	.076	.079	.064	.062	.084	.090	.112	.153	.115	.168
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total	.019	.012	.011	.012	.015	.017	.011	.010	.003	.002	.001
Venezuela	.019	.012	.011	.012	.015	.017	.011	.010	.003	.002	.001
Imports from OPEC-Fa:											
Total	.000	-	-	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia	.000	-	-	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.14 Germany--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
-						Average					
Total Net Imports	2.380	2.281	2.279	2.112	2.202	2.664	2.739	2.723	2.731	2.699	2.79
Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from Persian Gulf2/	.830	.675	.761	.739	.771	.859	.957	.948	.838	.711	.660
Total	.232	.187	.197	.216	.217	.227	.215	.250	.217	.172	.14
Bahrain					- 22.7			.000	.001	.000	.000
Iran	.041	.020	.051	.041	.055	.053	.021	.053	.040	.031	.01
Iraq	.016	.052	.032	.009	.004	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00
Kuwait	.021	.017	.013	.022	.013	.000	.009	.022	.026	.015	.01
U.A.E	.004	.024	.006	.023	.016	.012	.002	.002	.001	.000	.00
Qatar	_	.001	.001	.002	.003	.002	.001	.000	.000	.000	.00
Saudi Arabia	.151	.072	.095	.119	.125	.161	.182	.173	.149	.125	.11
Imports from OPEC-Af	rica										
Total	.484	.401	.472	.436	.465	.524	.614	.594	.543	.461	.46
Algeria	.137	.146	.141	.106	.098	.126	.183	.195	.161	.135	.12
Libya	.152	.160	.237	.235	.244	.262	.252	.244	.244	.234	.25
NigeriaImports from OPEC-South America	.195	.095	.095	.095	.123	.136	.179	.154	.139	.093	.07
Total	.113	.086	.091	.086	.088	.107	.128	.105	.079	.078	.05
Venezuela	.113	.086	.091	.086	.088	.107	.128	.105	.079	.078	.05
Imports from OPEC-Far											
Total	.001	.002	_	_	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia	.001	.002	-	-	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.15 Italy--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
Total Net Imports	1.642	1.718	1.590	1.716	1.788	1.769	1.839	1.747	1.778	1.820	1.791		
Imports from OPEC1/ Imports from Persian Gulf2/	1.361	1.307	1.191	1.260	1.375	1.393	1.343	1.222	1.117	1.203	1.244		
Total	.817	.782	.643	.619	.626	.595	.573	.548	.430	.494	.502		
Bahrain	.001	.000	-	.001	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.001		
Iran	.135	.141	.093	.124	.192	.231	.239	.221	.143	.233	.263		
Iraq	.114	.167	.198	.138	.079	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000		
Kuwait	.147	.142	.118	.093	.063	.000	.007	.012	.001	.000	.000		
U.A.E	.051	.109	.060	.085	.075	.044	.013	.002	.000	.000	.000		
Qatar	.004	.029	.002	.008	.000	.004	.001	.000	.000	.002	.002		
Saudi Arabia	.364	.194	.171	.171	.216	.315	.312	.313	.286	.260	.236		
Imports from OPEC-Af:													
Total	.505	.489	.516	.626	.740	.793	.757	.653	.660	.679	.714		
Algeria	.087	.109	.108	.150	.155	.155	.140	.096	.099	.100	.110		
Libya	.309	.342	.389	.430	.556	.581	.584	.542	.543	.562	.580		
Nigeria	.110	.038	.019	.045	.029	.057	.034	.015	.018	.017	.02		
Imports from OPEC-South America													
Total	.039	.037	.029	.014	.007	.004	.005	.002	.007	.014	.008		
Venezuela	.039	.037	.029	.014	.007	.004	.005	.002	.007	.014	.008		
Imports from OPEC-Fa:	r East												
Total	-	-	.002	.002	.003	.001	.009	.019	.019	.015	.021		
Indonesia	_	_	.002	.002	.003	.001	.009	.019	.019	.015	.021		

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.16 OECD Imports from Iraq, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
-	Average													
Total	0.964	1.103	1.489	1.581	1.276	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.007			
United States1/	.081	.083	.343	.449	.518	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001			
Canada	_	.010	.001	.013	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
OECD Europe2/	.717	.905	.959	.897	.591	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.006			
Main European Importe														
France	.109	.151	.143	.128	.062	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Germany3/	.016	.052	.032	.009	.004	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Italy	.114	.167	.198	.138	.079	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Netherlands	.067	.034	.039	.101	.117	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Spain	.117	.080	.092	.109	.063	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002			
European Net Exporter	rs													
United Kingdom	.071	.082	.070	.034	.027	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Smaller European Impo	orters													
Austria	-	.015	.007	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000			
Belgium	.026	.049	.037	.047	.029	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Denmark	_	.001	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Greece	.030	.065	.059	.052	.044	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Portugal	.024	.019	.029	.024	.019	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Sweden	-	.003	.003	.005	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Switzerland	-	.000	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Turkey	.143	.188	.250	.250	.146	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.003			
Japan	.164	.105	.173	.219	.146	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			
Other OECD	.002	.000	.013	.003	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000			

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Table 4.17 OECD Imports from Kuwait, 1986-1996 (Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
-													
Total	0.829	0.925	0.936	1.084	0.740	0.039	0.414	1.191	1.081	0.997	1.03		
United States1/	.068	.082	.092	.157	.086	.006	.051	.353	.312	.218	.23		
Canada	-	-	-	-	.004	_	_	.000	.027	.000	.00		
OECD Europe2/	.456	.469	.474	.452	.346	.019	.142	.461	.302	.269	.28		
Main European Importe	ers												
France	.023	.044	.017	.021	.015	.011	.029	.032	.016	.022	.01		
Germany <u>3</u> /	.021	.017	.013	.022	.013	.000	.009	.022	.026	.015	.01		
Italy	.147	.142	.118	.093	.063	.000	.007	.012	.001	.000	.00		
Netherlands	.122	.150	.189	.194	.151	.002	.052	.254	.179	.176	.19		
Spain	.020	.015	.030	.015	.010	.003	.000	.015	.000	.000	.00		
European Net Exporte	rs												
Norway	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	.000	.000	.000	.00		
United Kingdom	.014	.011	.006	.006	.045	.002	.027	.049	.058	.039	.03		
Smaller European Impo	orters												
Austria	_	-	.004	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00		
Belgium	.006	.000	_	_	.000	.001	.006	.056	.005	.004	.01		
Denmark	.020	.045	.060	.066	.034	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00		
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	.000	-	-	-	-			
Greece	.038	.030	.015	.009	.000	.000	.002	.005	.001	.000	.00		
Portugal	_	.001	.003	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00		
Sweden	_	_	_	.001	.001	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	.00		
Switzerland	_	_	_	_	_	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00		
Turkey	.046	.013	.019	.019	.011	.000	.010	.016	.016	.014	.01		
Japan	.278	.347	.341	.458	.291	.014	.220	.368	.430	.501	.50		
Other OECD	.028	.026	.029	.017	.013	.000	.000	.009	.011	.009	.01		

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources for Section 4 (Historical Oil Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: • Energy Information Administration (EIA), <u>Petroleum Supply Annual 1996</u>; • Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, <u>Petroleum Statement</u>, <u>Annual</u>, various issues.

Other Countries: • EIA, <u>International Energy Annual</u>, various issues. • EIA, <u>International Petroleum Annual</u>, 1978. • United Nations, <u>Yearbook of World Energy Statistics</u>, 1979. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, <u>U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study</u>, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • 1973-1982: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), <u>Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances</u>, various issues. • 1983-1997: OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics in the EIA, International Energy Database.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • 1973-1981: OECD, <u>Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances</u>, various issues. • OECD, Annual Oil Statistics data base, 1970-1979. • 1982-1997: OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics in the EIA International Energy Database.

Oil Imports

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD Monthly Oil Statistics database, 1991-1997.

Appendix A

Organizational and Geographical Definitions

Appendix A. Organizational and Geographical Definitions

International Energy Agency (IEA) countries are: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries are: Australia, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States. Total OECD includes the United States Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). Total OECD excludes data for Czech Republic, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, and South Korea which are not yet available.

OECD Europe countries are: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and United Kingdom. OECD Europe excludes data for Czech Republic, Hungary, and Poland which are not yet available.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) members are: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. As of December 31, 1992, Ecuador withdrew its membership in OPEC, and as of December 31, 1994, Gabon withdrew its membership. For consistency, Ecuador and Gabon are excluded in the historical series of OPEC totals.

Arab members of OPEC are: Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates.

Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) are: Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Neutral Zone, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, and the United Arab Emirates. In April 1979 Egypt was suspended from OAPEC membership. In May 1989 Egypt rejoined OAPEC. For consistency, Egypt is included in the historical series of the OAPEC totals.

Persian (Arabian) Gulf countries are: Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

The term "Former USSR" is being used in the <u>International Petroleum Statistics Report</u> as a purely geographical expression, referring to the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), Georgia, and the three Baltic States (Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania).

Appendix B

Explanatory Notes

Appendix B. Explanatory Notes

Note 1: World Oil Supply

Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gain, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources. Beginning in 1993, U.S. data includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE plants.

Note 2: Oil Stocks

The International Energy Agency (IEA) assembles and reports total oil stock data for the member countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). Oil stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined petroleum products. In its report titled Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries, the IEA defines oil stocks as follows: "All non-military stocks held by importers (including all final consumers directly), refiners, Governments, major non-importing final consumers eligible under IEA/OECD commitments and by foreign entities in the following facilities: bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, barges, intercoastal tankers (when port of departure and destination are in the reporting country), tankers in port (to the extent that their cargo is to be unloaded in the reporting country), and inland ship bunkers. Oil is reported regardless of the ownership of such storage facilities." IEA data exclude "oil held in pipelines, rail and truck tank cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores and tankers at sea." Also the IEA defines the United States to be the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and the U.S. Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). The Energy Information Administration (EIA) does not include the United States Territories in its statistical definition of the United States. Further, the EIA includes oil in oil pipelines as part of its stock data. Tables 1.5, 1.6, 2.3, and 4.4 include oil stocks for the United States according to EIA definitions. Using IEA definitions, at the end of June 1997 United States (including territories) oil stocks totaled 1,430 million barrels.

Note 3: A Change to the Oil Balance in Section 2.

Prior to August 1992, Section 2 of the International Petroleum Statistics Report presented a balance of oil supply, demand, and stock change for the Market Economies, at quarterly time intervals. The communist countries, or Centrally Planned Economies (CPEs) were not included in the balance, mainly because good quarterly data for oil demand in these countries were not available. Net imports from the CPEs were included in the balance as part of total Market Economies supply. At present, the former Soviet Union and most of the countries of Eastern Europe are in transition from communism to market economies; because of this there are no longer good political or economic reasons to publish an oil balance only for the countries that have traditionally been market economies. Beginning with the August 1992 edition, Section 2 of the International Petroleum Statistics Report was changed from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance.

The main data issues related to this change may be summarized as follows:

Supply Data. Monthly oil supply data are available for all countries of the world. These data are used to generate Tables 1.1 to 1.4; they were used to expand the Section 2 supply table (Table 2.2) to the whole world.

<u>Demand Data</u>. EIA has now developed quarterly figures for world oil demand, including demand in the former CPEs; these are published in Table 4 of EIA's <u>Short-Term Energy Outlook</u>. The procedures involved in developing quarterly world demand numbers may be summarized as follows:

Complete monthly data are available for the 24 OECD countries. Annual demand data for all countries (about 200 countries) are presented in EIA's <u>International Energy Annual</u>. In 1993, the OECD accounted for about three-fifths of total world demand, the 25 largest consumers outside of the OECD accounted for about one-third of the world total, and the remaining countries (about 150 countries) accounted for less than one-tenth of the total. The key problem, therefore, is to develop good figures for the 25 largest consumers outside the OECD.

Of these 25 countries, by far the largest consumer is Russia, which in 1993 accounted for about one-sixth of the demand in the group of 25. The next largest consumer is China, which in 1993 accounted for about one-seventh of the demand in the group. Thus in 1993 Russia and China accounted for one-third of the demand in the group of 25. For these 2 countries, data are available on oil production and net exports. The demand numbers shown in Section 2 are computed as production minus net exports. This is the same procedure used in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook, by the International Energy Agency in their Monthly Oil Market Report, and in other respected publications that deal with international oil markets. Note, however, that this method of computing demand ignores both refinery gain and stock changes.

For other major consuming countries outside of the OECD, quarterly demand data are developed based upon the latest available annual data, analytic judgment about current trends, and some seasonal adjustments. These are the same procedures used for the Short-Term Energy Outlook.

<u>Stocks Data.</u> Reliable stocks data are available for the OECD countries. Estimates of stocks for export and afloat, and of commercial floating stocks, are available. (See sources at the end of Section 2.)

For on-land stocks outside the OECD, there is little reliable data. Most estimates of on-land stocks outside the OECD are based on the theory that stocks are approximately equal to some number of days of demand. Demand figures (which themselves involve some degree of estimation) are then used to compute estimates of stock levels.

In the <u>International Petroleum Statistics Report</u>, it had been the practice for some time to estimate that on-land stocks in the traditional market economies outside of the OECD were equal to 55 days of demand. This was acceptable, mainly because the rule was used only to estimate a relatively small part of total stocks (about 16 percent).

When Section 2 was converted from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance, there were important changes in the conditions that made it reasonable to estimate on-land stocks outside of the OECD using the rule of 55 days of demand. When the CPEs are included, the stocks that must be estimated are a considerably larger part of the total. In 1990, total oil demand in the former CPEs was more than 80 percent as large as demand in all of the non-OECD traditional market economies. Thus the quantity of stocks that would have to be estimated using a 55-day rule would nearly double, and the estimated components of stock levels and stock changes would become relatively large parts of the total. One consequence of this is that the statistical discrepancy (as shown in Table 2.1) would become less useful as an indicator of the overall consistency of the data. The statistical discrepancy is computed from supply, demand, and stock change. If a large part of the stock change is estimated, then the statistical discrepancy loses much of its significance.

As already noted, quarterly demands in the former Soviet Union and in China are computed as production minus net exports. This computation implicitly assumes a zero stock change. Demand in the former Soviet Union is falling. If we were to use a 55-day rule to compute stock levels, falling demand would imply falling stock levels. This would contradict the assumption of zero stock change which was used in computing demand.

In view of all this, the following approach has been adopted. Table 2.3 now shows levels of stocks for the OECD countries, levels of stocks for export and afloat, and levels of commercial floating storage. Stock changes based on these stock levels are shown in Table 2.1. At this time, no other stock levels are shown. Table 2.1 now has a single line labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy", which contains the computed values needed to make the table balance.

It may become possible in the future to obtain reliable information on certain categories of on-land stocks outside the OECD. If such data become available, they will be added to Table 2.3, and the corresponding stock change information will be added to Table 2.1.

Changes in Formats and Sign Conventions. There were several changes in Section 2 to make the International Petroleum Statistics Report more consistent with other EIA publications, especially with the Short-Term Energy Outlook. The numbers were changed from 1 decimal place to 2 decimal places. The word "consumption", as used before August 1992, was changed to "demand". The sign convention for stock changes in Table 2.1 was changed. Stock draws are now indicated by positive numbers, and stock additions are indicated by negative numbers. Table 2.1 also uses a new sign convention for the line labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy". The values in this line are now computed as Total Demand minus the sum of Total Supply and Total Reported Stock Draw. This is the reverse of the sign convention used before August 1992.

<u>Summary</u>. Section 2 was expanded from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance. Supply data are tracked for all producing countries. Demand data are tracked for the 24 OECD countries, and for 25 large consumers outside of the OECD. Demand for the remaining countries (less than 10 percent of total demand) is estimated, for years that are not yet available in the <u>International Energy Annual</u>. The stock levels in these tables are based on reported data for the OECD and for stocks at sea. The line in Table 2.1 labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy" is a balancing item.

Appendix C Glossary

Appendix C. Glossary

Alcohol. The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The molecules in the series vary in chain length and are composed of a hydrocarbon plus a hydroxyl group. Alcohol includes methanol and ethanol.

Demand (Consumption/Petroleum Products Supplied). Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of all petroleum products supplied. For each product, the amount supplied is calculated by summing production, crude oil burned directly, imports, and net withdrawals from primary stocks and subtracting exports.

Crude Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface-separating facilities. Crude oil production is measured at the wellhead and includes lease condensate.

Government-Owned Stocks. Oil stocks owned by the national government and held for national security. In the United States these stocks are known as the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Lease Condensate. A liquid recovered from natural gas at the well or at small gas/oil separators in the field. Consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons (also called field condensate).

Natural Gas Plant Liquids. Products obtained from processing natural gas at natural gas processing plants, including natural gasoline plants, cycling plants, and fractionators. Products obtained include ethane, liquefied petroleum gases, (propanes, butane, propane-butane mixtures, and ethane-propane mixtures), isopentane, natural gasoline, unfractionated streams, plant condensate, and other minor quantities of finished products, such as motor gasoline, special naphthas, jet fuel, kerosene, and distillate fuel oil.

Oil Stocks. Oil stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined petroleum products. See Explanatory Note 2.

Other Hydrocarbons. Other materials processed at refineries. Includes coal tar derivatives, hydrogen, gilsonite, and natural gas received by the refinery for reforming into hydrogen.

Oxygenates. Any substance which, when added to gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. They include: Fuel Ethanol, Methanol, and MTBE (Methyl tertiary butyl ether).

Petroleum Products. Petroleum products are obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, ethane, liquefied petroleum gases, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, paraffin wax, petroleum coke, asphalt road oil, still gas, and other miscellaneous products.

Processing Gain. The amount by which the total volume of refinery output is greater than the volume of input for given period of time. The processing gain arises when crude oil and other hydrocarbons are processed into products that are, on average, less dense than the input.

Processing Loss. The amount by which the total volume of refinery output is less than the volume of input for given period of time. The processing loss arises when crude oil and other hydrocarbons are processed into products that are, on average, more dense than the input.

Appendix D

Estimation Procedures

Appendix D. Estimation Procedures

Estimation procedures are used for demand numbers in many of the countries outside of the OECD, in cases where data from EIA's International Energy Annual are not yet available. Demand numbers for 1995 and earlier years, for all countries, may be found in EIA's International Energy Annual 1995, published in December 1996, which is the most recent published edition of the International Energy Annual. EIA's WORLD ENERGY database contains final demand data for all countries of the world for 1994, and preliminary demand data for all countries for 1995. Instructions for downloading this database may be found on EIA's home page (http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/world/contents.html). The status of the demand numbers shown in Section 2 of this current International Petroleum Statistics Report may be summarized as follows.

The OECD demand numbers are, as usual, based on the latest Quarterly Oil Statistics and Monthly Oil Statistics tapes from the International Energy Agency.

For countries outside of the OECD, the following approach is used. The numbers for 1994 and earlier years match the demand numbers in the WORLD ENERGY database on EIA's home page. Numbers for 1995 forward are the best available EIA estimates, based upon the best annual data currently available, analytic judgment about current trends, and some seasonal adjustments. These are the same numbers that appear in the international oil balance table in EIA's Short-Term Energy Outlook.

The two largest non-OECD oil consumers are the former Soviet Union and China. For these two countries, published data are available on production and net exports. Demand is computed as production minus net exports. This is the same approach used in the Short-Term Energy Outlook, by the International Energy Agency in their Monthly Oil Market Report, and in other major publications dealing with international oil data. Note, however, that because of this computation, the demand numbers for the former Soviet Union and China implicitly exclude stock draw and refinery gain.

Appendix E

Conversions

Table E1. Refined Petroleum Products Conversion Factors

Product	Barrels per Metric Ton
•	6.06
Distillate Fuel Oil	
Gasoline, Aviation	8.90
Gasoline, Motor	8.53
Greases	6.30
Jet Fuel, Kerosene-type	
	8.27
Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	
	8.22
A	
	8.50
mac Spine	

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1986-1995

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
North America										
Canada	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.186	7.186	7.186	7.186	7.186	7.18
Mexico	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.96
United States	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.33
Central & South America										
Argentina	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.120	7.120	7.120	7.120	7.120	7.12
Bolivia	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.88
Brazil	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.056	7.056	7.056	7.056	7.056	7.05
Chile	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.50
Colombia	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.080	7.080	7.080	7.080	7.080	7.08
Cuba	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.44
Ecuador	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.13
Peru	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.40
Trinidad and Tobago	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.08
Venezuela	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.890	6.890	6.890	6.890	6.890	6.89
Western Europe										
Austria	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.20
Denmark	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.405	7.405	7.405	7.405	7.405	7.40
France	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.33
Germany						7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.33
Germany, East	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340					_
Germany, West	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247					_
Greece	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.231	7.231	7.231	7.231	7.231	7.23
Italy	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.30
Netherlands	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	7.239	7.239	7.239	7.239	7.239	7.23
Norway	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.644	7.644	7.644	7.644	7.644	7.64
Spain	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.50
Sweden	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.24
Turkey	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.20
United Kingdom	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.523	7.523	7.523	7.523	7.523	7.52
Former Yugoslavia	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418				-
Croatia							7.418	7.418	7.418	7.41
Serbia and Montenegro							7.418	7.418	7.418	7.41
							, ,	7.418	7.418	7.41

^{-- =} No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1995. DOE/EIA-0219(95) (96/12) (December 1996).

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1986-1995 (continued)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Eastern Europe & Former U.S.S.R.										
Albania	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.59
Bulgaria	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.33
Former Czechoslovakia	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780			-
Czech Republic								6.780	6.780	6.78
Slovakia								6.780	6.780	6.78
lungary	6,690	6.690	6.690	6,690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.69
oland	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.41
Romania	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.50
Former U.S.S.R	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270				-
Azerbaijan	7.270		7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
Belarus							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
Georgia							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
ithuania							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
azakstan							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.2
yrgyzstan							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
ussia							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.2
							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
Jkraine										
Jzbekistan							7.270	7.270	7.270	7.27
Middle East										
Bahrain	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.32
ran	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.30
raq	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.430	7.430	7.430	7.430	7.430	7.43
srael	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.24
ordan	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.19
uwait	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.250	7.250	7.250	7.250	7.250	7.25
man	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.3
atar	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.50
Saudi Arabia	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.323	7.323	7.323	7.323	7.323	7.32
Syria	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.83
Inited Arab Emirates	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.48
Temen	7.627	7.636	7.632	7.632	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.63

^{-- =} No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1995. DOE/EIA-0219(95) (96/12) (December 1996).

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1986-1995 (continued)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Africa										
Algeria	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	8.130	8.130	8.130	8.130	8.130	8.13
ungola	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.40
Benin	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.87
lameroon	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.20
ongo	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.5
ote d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast)	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.2
gypt	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.2
quatorial Guinea						8.077	8.077	8.077	8.077	8.0
abon	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.3
hana	7.285						7.285	7.285	7.285	7.2
ibya	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.580	7.580	7.580	7.580	7.580	7.5
orocco	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.6
igeria	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.3
outh Africa							9.853	9.853	9.853	9.8
udan							7.452	7.452	7.452	7.4
unisia	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.6
aire	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.3
ar East & Oceania										
ustralia	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.868	7.868	7.868	7.868	7.868	7.8
angladesh	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.4
runei	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.3
urma	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.0
hina	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.3
ndia	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.6
ndonesia	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.5
apan	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.357	7.357	7.357	7.357	7.357	7.3
alaysia	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.6
ew Zealand	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.1
akistan	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.5
apua New Guinea						7.809	7.809	7.809	7.809	7.8
hilippines	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.2
aiwan	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.5
hailand	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.7
	0.,55	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.0

^{-- =} No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1995. DOE/EIA-0219(95) (96/12) (December 1996).